N BARYONS
($S = 0$, $I = 1/2$)

p, $N^+ = uud$; n, $N^0 = udd$

p

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Mass $m = 1.007276466621 \pm 0.000000000053$ u
Mass $m = 938.27208816 \pm 0.00000029$ MeV [a]
$|m_p - m_{\overline{p}}|/m_p < 7 \times 10^{-10}$, CL = 90% [b]
$|\frac{q_{\overline{p}}}{m_{\overline{p}}}|/(\frac{q_p}{m_p}) = 1.000000000003 \pm 0.000000000016$
$|q_p + q_{\overline{p}}|/e < 7 \times 10^{-10}$, CL = 90% [b]
$|q_p + q_e|/e < 1 \times 10^{-21}$ [c]
Magnetic moment $\mu = 2.7928473446 \pm 0.0000000008\ \mu_N$
$(\mu_p + \mu_{\overline{p}}) / \mu_p = (0.002 \pm 0.004) \times 10^{-6}$
Electric dipole moment $d < 0.021 \times 10^{-23}$ $e$cm
Electric polarizability $\alpha = (11.2 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-4}$ fm^3
Magnetic polarizability $\beta = (2.5 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-4}$ fm^3 (S = 1.2)
Charge radius, μp Lamb shift $= 0.84087 \pm 0.00039$ fm [d]
Charge radius $= 0.8409 \pm 0.0004$ fm [d]
Magnetic radius $= 0.851 \pm 0.026$ fm [e]
Mean life $\tau > 9 \times 10^{29}$ years, CL = 90% ($p \to$ invisible mode)

See the "Note on Nucleon Decay" in our 1994 edition (Phys. Rev. **D50**, 1173) for a short review.

The "partial mean life" limits tabulated here are the limits on τ/B_i, where τ is the total mean life and B_i is the branching fraction for the mode in question. For *N* decays, *p* and *n* indicate proton and neutron partial lifetimes.

***p* DECAY MODES**	Partial mean life (10^{30} years)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
	Antilepton + meson		
$N \to e^+ \pi$	> 5300 (n), > 24000 (p)	90%	459
$N \to \mu^+ \pi$	> 3500 (n), > 16000 (p)	90%	453
$N \to \nu \pi$	> 1100 (n), > 390 (p)	90%	459
$p \to e^+ \eta$	> 10000	90%	309
$p \to \mu^+ \eta$	> 4700	90%	297
$n \to \nu \eta$	> 158	90%	310
$N \to e^+ \rho$	> 217 (n), > 720 (p)	90%	149
$N \to \mu^+ \rho$	> 228 (n), > 570 (p)	90%	113
$N \to \nu \rho$	> 19 (n), > 162 (p)	90%	149

$p \to e^+ \omega$	> 1600	90%	143
$p \to \mu^+ \omega$	> 2800	90%	105
$n \to \nu \omega$	> 108	90%	144
$N \to e^+ K$	> 17 (n), > 1000 (p)	90%	339
$N \to \mu^+ K$	> 26 (n), > 4500 (p)	90%	329
$N \to \nu K$	> 86 (n), > 5900 (p)	90%	339
$n \to \nu K^0_S$	> 260	90%	338
$p \to e^+ K^*(892)^0$	> 84	90%	45
$N \to \nu K^*(892)$	> 78 (n), > 51 (p)	90%	45

Antilepton + mesons

$p \to e^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	> 82	90%	448
$p \to e^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	> 147	90%	449
$n \to e^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	> 52	90%	449
$p \to \mu^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	> 133	90%	425
$p \to \mu^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$	> 101	90%	427
$n \to \mu^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	> 74	90%	427
$n \to e^+ K^0 \pi^-$	> 18	90%	319

Lepton + meson

$n \to e^- \pi^+$	> 65	90%	459
$n \to \mu^- \pi^+$	> 49	90%	453
$n \to e^- \rho^+$	> 62	90%	150
$n \to \mu^- \rho^+$	> 7	90%	115
$n \to e^- K^+$	> 32	90%	340
$n \to \mu^- K^+$	> 57	90%	330

Lepton + mesons

$p \to e^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	> 30	90%	448
$n \to e^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	> 29	90%	449
$p \to \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	> 17	90%	425
$n \to \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	> 34	90%	427
$p \to e^- \pi^+ K^+$	> 75	90%	320
$p \to \mu^- \pi^+ K^+$	> 245	90%	279

Antilepton + photon(s)

$p \to e^+ \gamma$	> 670	90%	469
$p \to \mu^+ \gamma$	> 478	90%	463
$n \to \nu \gamma$	> 550	90%	470
$p \to e^+ \gamma\gamma$	> 100	90%	469
$n \to \nu \gamma\gamma$	> 219	90%	470

Antilepton + single massless

$p \to e^+ X$	> 790	90%	–
$p \to \mu^+ X$	> 410	90%	–

Three (or more) leptons

$p \to e^+ e^+ e^-$	> 34000	90%	469
$p \to e^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	> 9200	90%	457
$p \to e^+ \nu \nu$	> 170	90%	469
$n \to e^+ e^- \nu$	> 257	90%	470
$n \to \mu^+ e^- \nu$	> 83	90%	464
$n \to \mu^+ \mu^- \nu$	> 79	90%	458
$p \to \mu^+ e^+ e^-$	> 23000	90%	463
$p \to \mu^- e^+ e^+$	> 19000	90%	463
$p \to \mu^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	> 10000	90%	439
$p \to \mu^+ \nu \nu$	> 220	90%	463
$p \to e^- \mu^+ \mu^+$	> 11000	90%	457
$n \to 3\nu$	$> 5 \times 10^{-4}$	90%	470

Inclusive modes

$N \to e^+$ anything	> 0.6 (n, p)	90%	–
$N \to \mu^+$ anything	> 12 (n, p)	90%	–
$N \to e^+ \pi^0$ anything	> 0.6 (n, p)	90%	–

$\Delta B = 2$ dinucleon modes

The following are lifetime limits per iron nucleus.

$p p \to \pi^+ \pi^+$	> 72.2	90%	–
$p n \to \pi^+ \pi^0$	> 170	90%	–
$n n \to \pi^+ \pi^-$	> 0.7	90%	–
$n n \to \pi^0 \pi^0$	> 404	90%	–
$p p \to K^+ K^+$	> 170	90%	–
$p p \to e^+ e^+$	> 5.8	90%	–
$p p \to e^+ \mu^+$	> 3.6	90%	–
$p p \to \mu^+ \mu^+$	> 1.7	90%	–
$p n \to e^+ \overline{\nu}$	> 260	90%	–
$p n \to \mu^+ \overline{\nu}$	> 200	90%	–
$p n \to \tau^+ \overline{\nu}_\tau$	> 29	90%	–
$n n \to$ invisible	> 1.4	90%	–
$n n \to \nu_e \overline{\nu}_e$	> 1.4	90%	–
$n n \to \nu_\mu \overline{\nu}_\mu$	> 1.4	90%	–
$p n \to$ invisible	> 0.06	90%	–
$p p \to$ invisible	> 0.11	90%	–

$\overline{p}$ DECAY MODES

$\overline{p}$ DECAY MODES	Partial mean life (years)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$\overline{p} \to e^- \gamma$	$> 7 \times 10^5$	90%	469
$\overline{p} \to \mu^- \gamma$	$> 5 \times 10^4$	90%	463
$\overline{p} \to e^- \pi^0$	$> 4 \times 10^5$	90%	459

$\overline{p} \to \mu^- \pi^0$	$> 5 \times 10^4$	90%	453
$\overline{p} \to e^- \eta$	$> 2 \times 10^4$	90%	309
$\overline{p} \to \mu^- \eta$	$> 8 \times 10^3$	90%	297
$\overline{p} \to e^- K^0_S$	> 900	90%	337
$\overline{p} \to \mu^- K^0_S$	$> 4 \times 10^3$	90%	326
$\overline{p} \to e^- K^0_L$	$> 9 \times 10^3$	90%	337
$\overline{p} \to \mu^- K^0_L$	$> 7 \times 10^3$	90%	326
$\overline{p} \to e^- \gamma\gamma$	$> 2 \times 10^4$	90%	469
$\overline{p} \to \mu^- \gamma\gamma$	$> 2 \times 10^4$	90%	463
$\overline{p} \to e^- \omega$	> 200	90%	143

n

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Mass $m = 1.0086649160 \pm 0.0000000005$ u
Mass $m = 939.5654205 \pm 0.0000005$ MeV [a]
$(m_n - m_{\overline{n}})/ m_n = (9 \pm 5) \times 10^{-5}$
$m_n - m_p = 1.2933324 \pm 0.0000005$ MeV
$= 0.00138844919(45)$ u
Mean life $\tau = 878.4 \pm 0.5$ s (S = 1.8)
$c\tau = 2.6335 \times 10^8$ km
Magnetic moment $\mu = -1.9130427 \pm 0.0000005\ \mu_N$
Electric dipole moment $d < 0.18 \times 10^{-25}$ e cm, CL = 90%
Mean-square charge radius $\langle r_n^2 \rangle = -0.1155 \pm 0.0017$ fm^2
Magnetic radius $\sqrt{\langle r_M^2 \rangle} = 0.864^{+0.009}_{-0.008}$ fm
Electric polarizability $\alpha = (11.8 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-4}$ fm^3
Magnetic polarizability $\beta = (3.7 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-4}$ fm^3
Charge $q = (-0.2 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-21}$ e
Mean $n\overline{n}$-oscillation time $> 8.6 \times 10^7$ s, CL = 90% (free n)
Mean $n\overline{n}$-oscillation time $> 4.7 \times 10^8$ s, CL = 90% [f] (bound n)
Mean $n n'$-oscillation time > 448 s, CL = 90% [g]

$p e^- \nu_e$ decay parameters [h]

$\lambda \equiv g_A / g_V = -1.2754 \pm 0.0013$ (S = 2.7)
$A = -0.11958 \pm 0.00021$ (S = 1.2)
$B = 0.9807 \pm 0.0030$
$C = -0.2377 \pm 0.0026$
$a = -0.1049 \pm 0.0013$ (S = 1.8)
$\phi_{AV} = (180.017 \pm 0.026)^\circ$ [i]
$D = (-1.2 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-4}$ [j]
$R = 0.004 \pm 0.013$ [j]
Fierz interference term $b = 0.017 \pm 0.020$

n DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$p e^- \overline{\nu}_e$		100 %		1
$p e^- \overline{\nu}_e \gamma$	[k]	$(9.2 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-3}$		1
hydrogen-atom $\overline{\nu}_e$		$< 2.7 \times 10^{-3}$	95%	1.19
Charge conservation (Q) violating mode				
$p \nu_e \overline{\nu}_e$	Q	$< 8 \times 10^{-27}$	68%	1

N(1440) 1/2$^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 1360 to 1380 (≈ 1370) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 180 to 205 (≈ 190) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1410 to 1470 (≈ 1440) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 250 to 450 (≈ 350) MeV

N(1440) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	55–75 %	398
$N\eta$	<1 %	†
$N\pi\pi$	17–50 %	347
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, P-wave	6–27 %	147
$N\sigma$	11–23 %	–
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.035–0.048 %	414
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.02–0.04 %	413

N(1520) 3/2$^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$

Re(pole position) = 1505 to 1515 (≈ 1510) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 105 to 120 (≈ 110) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1510 to 1520 (≈ 1515) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 100 to 120 (≈ 110) MeV

N(1520) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	55–65 %	453
$N\eta$	0.07–0.09 %	142
$N\pi\pi$	25–35 %	410
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	22–34 %	225
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, S-wave	15–23 %	225
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, D-wave	7–11 %	225
$N\rho$	10–16 %	†
$N\rho$, S=3/2 , S-wave	10–16 %	†

$N\rho$, S=1/2 , D-wave	0.2–0.4 %	†
$N\sigma$	<10 %	–
$p\gamma$	0.31–0.52 %	467
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.01–0.02 %	467
$p\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.30–0.50 %	467
$n\gamma$	0.30–0.53 %	466
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.04–0.10 %	466
$n\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.25–0.45 %	466

$N(1535)\ 1/2^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$

Re(pole position) = 1500 to 1520 (≈ 1510) MeV
-2Im(pole position) = 80 to 130 (≈ 110) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1515 to 1545 (≈ 1530) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 125 to 175 (≈ 150) MeV

***N*(1535) DECAY MODES**	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	32–52 %	464
$N\eta$	30–55 %	176
$N\pi\pi$	4–31 %	422
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, D-wave	1–4 %	240
$N\rho$	2–17 %	†
$N\rho$, S=1/2 , S-wave	2–16 %	†
$N\rho$, S=3/2 , D-wave	<1 %	†
$N\sigma$	2–10 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	5–12 %	†
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.15–0.30 %	477
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.01–0.25 %	477

$N(1650)\ 1/2^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$

Re(pole position) = 1650 to 1680 (≈ 1665) MeV
-2Im(pole position) = 100 to 170 (≈ 135) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1635 to 1665 (≈ 1650) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 100 to 150 (≈ 125) MeV

***N*(1650) DECAY MODES**	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	50–70 %	547
$N\eta$	15–35 %	348
ΛK	5–15 %	169
$N\pi\pi$	20–58 %	514
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, D-wave	6–18 %	345

$N\rho$	12–22 %	†
$N\rho$, S=1/2, S-wave	<4 %	†
$N\rho$, S=3/2, D-wave	12–18 %	†
$N\sigma$	2–18 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	6–26 %	150
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.04–0.20 %	558
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.003–0.17 %	557

$N(1675)\ 5/2^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{5}{2}^-)$

Re(pole position) = 1650 to 1660 (≈ 1655) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 120 to 150 (≈ 135) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1665 to 1680 (≈ 1675) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 130 to 160 (≈ 145) MeV

***N*(1675) DECAY MODES**	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	38–42 %	564
$N\eta$	< 1 %	376
ΛK	<0.04 %	216
$N\pi\pi$	25–45 %	532
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, D-wave	23–37 %	366
$N\rho$	0.1–0.9 %	†
$N\rho$, S=1/2	<0.2 %	†
$N\rho$, S=3/2 , D-wave	0.1–0.7 %	†
$N\sigma$	3–7 %	–
$p\gamma$	0–0.02 %	575
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0–0.01 %	575
$p\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0–0.01 %	575
$n\gamma$	0–0.15 %	574
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0–0.05 %	574
$n\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0–0.10 %	574

$N(1680)\ 5/2^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{5}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 1660 to 1680 (≈ 1670) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 110 to 135 (≈ 120) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1680 to 1690 (≈ 1685) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 115 to 130 (≈ 120) MeV

***N*(1680) DECAY MODES**	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	60–70 %	571

$N\eta$	<1 %	386
$N\pi\pi$	28–53 %	539
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	11–23 %	374
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, P-wave	4–10 %	374
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, F-wave	1–13 %	374
$N\rho$	8–11 %	†
$N\rho$, S=3/2 , P-wave	6–8 %	†
$N\rho$, S=3/2 , F-wave	2–3 %	†
$N\sigma$	9–19 %	–
$p\gamma$	0.21–0.32 %	581
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.001–0.011 %	581
$p\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.20–0.32 %	581
$n\gamma$	0.021–0.046 %	581
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.004–0.029 %	581
$n\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.01–0.024 %	581

N(1700) 3/2$^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$

Re(pole position) = 1650 to 1750 (≈ 1700) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 100 to 300 (≈ 200) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1650 to 1800 (≈ 1720) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 100 to 300 (≈ 200) MeV

***N*(1700) DECAY MODES**	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	7–17 %	594
$N\eta$	1–2 %	422
$N\omega$	10–34 %	†
ΛK	1–2 %	283
$N\pi\pi$	>89 %	564
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	55–85 %	402
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, S-wave	50–80 %	402
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, D-wave	4–14 %	402
$N\rho$, S=3/2, S-wave	32–44 %	74
$N\sigma$	2–14 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	3–11 %	225
$N(1520)\pi$	<4 %	145
$p\gamma$	0.01–0.05 %	604
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.0–0.024 %	604
$p\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.002–0.026 %	604
$n\gamma$	0.01–0.13 %	603
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.0–0.09 %	603
$n\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.01–0.05 %	603

N(1710) $1/2^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 1650 to 1750 (≈ 1700) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 80 to 160 (≈ 120) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1680 to 1740 (≈ 1710) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 80 to 200 (≈ 140) MeV

***N*(1710) DECAY MODES**	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–20 %	588
$N\eta$	10–50 %	412
$N\omega$	1–5 %	†
ΛK	5–25 %	269
ΣK	seen	138
$N\pi\pi$	14–48 %	557
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, P-wave	3–9 %	394
$N\rho$, S=1/2, P-wave	11–23 %	†
$N\sigma$	<16 %	–
$N(1535)\pi$	9–21 %	113
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.002–0.08 %	598
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.0–0.02%	597

N(1720) $3/2^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 1660 to 1710 (≈ 1680) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 150 to 300 (≈ 200) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1680 to 1750 (≈ 1720) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 150 to 400 (≈ 250) MeV

***N*(1720) DECAY MODES**	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	8–14 %	594
$N\eta$	1–5 %	422
$N\omega$	12–40 %	†
ΛK	4–19 %	283
$N\pi\pi$	>50 %	564
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	47–89 %	402
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, P-wave	47–77 %	402
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, F-wave	<12 %	402
$N\rho$, S=1/2, P-wave	1–2 %	74
$N\sigma$	2–14 %	–

$N(1440)\pi$	<2 %	225
$N(1520)\pi$, S-wave	1–5 %	145
$p\gamma$	0.05–0.25 %	604
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.05–0.15 %	604
$p\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.002–0.16 %	604
$n\gamma$	0.0–0.016 %	603
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.0–0.01 %	603
$n\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.0–0.015 %	603

N(1875) 3/2$^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$

was $N(2080)$

Re(pole position) = 1850 to 1950 ($\approx$ 1900) MeV
-2Im(pole position) = 100 to 220 ($\approx$ 160) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1850 to 1920 ($\approx$ 1875) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 120 to 250 ($\approx$ 200) MeV

N(1875) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	3–11 %	695
$N\eta$	3–16 %	559
$N\omega$	15–25 %	371
ΛK	1–2 %	454
ΣK	0.3–1.1 %	384
$N\pi\pi$	>56 %	670
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	4–44 %	520
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, S-wave	2–21 %	520
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, D-wave	2–23 %	520
$N\rho$, S=3/2, S-wave	36–56 %	379
$N\sigma$	16–60 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	2–8 %	365
$N(1520)\pi$	<2 %	301
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	<0.2 %	†
$p\gamma$	0.001–0.025 %	703
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.001–0.021 %	703
$p\gamma$, helicity=3/2	<0.003 %	703
$n\gamma$	<0.040 %	702
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	<0.007 %	702
$n\gamma$, helicity=3/2	<0.033 %	702

$N(1880)\ 1/2^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 1820 to 1900 (≈ 1860) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 180 to 280 (≈ 230) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1830 to 1930 (≈ 1880) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 200 to 400 (≈ 300) MeV

***N*(1880) DECAY MODES**	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	3–31 %	698
$N\eta$	1–55 %	563
$N\omega$	12–28 %	377
ΛK	1–3 %	459
ΣK	10–24 %	389
$N\pi\pi$	>32 %	673
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	5–42 %	524
$N\rho$, S=1/2, P-wave	19–45 %	385
$N\sigma$	8–40 %	539
$N(1535)\pi$	4–12 %	293
$N a_0(980)$	1–5 %	†
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	0.5–1.1 %	†
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	seen	706
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.002–0.63 %	705

$N(1895)\ 1/2^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$

was $N(2090)$

Re(pole position) = 1890 to 1930 (≈ 1910) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 80 to 140 (≈ 110) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1870 to 1920 (≈ 1895) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 80 to 200 (≈ 120) MeV

***N*(1895) DECAY MODES**	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	2–18 %	707
$N\eta$	15–45 %	575
$N\eta'$	10–40 %	†
$N\omega$	16–40 %	395
ΛK	3–23 %	473
ΣK	6–20 %	405
$N\pi\pi$	17–74 %	683
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, D-wave	3–11 %	535

$N\rho$	14–50 %	403
$N\rho$, S=1/2, S-wave	<18 %	403
$N\rho$, S=3/2, D-wave	14–32 %	403
$N\sigma$	<13 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	2–12 %	382
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	4–9 %	†
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.01–0.06 %	715
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.003–0.05 %	715

N(1900) 3/2$^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 1900 to 1940 ($\approx$ 1920) MeV
-2Im(pole position) = 90 to 160 ($\approx$ 130) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1890 to 1950 ($\approx$ 1920) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 100 to 320 ($\approx$ 200) MeV

N(1900) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	1–20 %	723
$N\eta$	2–14 %	595
$N\eta'$	4–8 %	151
$N\omega$	7–13 %	424
ΛK	2–20 %	495
ΣK	3–7 %	431
$N\pi\pi$	>56 %	699
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	30–70 %	553
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, P-wave	9–25 %	553
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, F-wave	21–45 %	553
$N\rho$, S=1/2	25–40 %	432
$N\sigma$	1–7 %	–
$N(1520)\pi$	7–23 %	341
$N(1535)\pi$	4–10 %	328
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	< 0.2 %	†
$p\gamma$	0.001–0.025 %	731
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.001–0.021 %	731
$p\gamma$, helicity=3/2	<0.003 %	731
$n\gamma$	<0.040 %	730
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	<0.007 %	730
$n\gamma$, helicity=3/2	<0.033 %	730

$N(2060)$ $5/2^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{5}{2}^-)$

was $N(2200)$

Re(pole position) = 2020 to 2130 ($\approx$ 2070) MeV
-2Im(pole position) = 350 to 430 ($\approx$ 400) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 2030 to 2200 ($\approx$ 2100) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 300 to 450 ($\approx$ 400) MeV

$N(2060)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	7–12 %	834
$N\eta$	2–38 %	729
$N\omega$	1–7 %	600
ΛK	10–20 %	644
ΣK	1–5 %	593
$N\pi\pi$	12–52 %	814
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, D-wave	4–10 %	680
$N\rho$	5–33 %	605
$N\rho$, S=1/2, P-wave	<10 %	605
$N\rho$, S=3/2 , D-wave	5–23 %	605
$N\sigma$	3–9 %	–
$N(1440)\pi$	4–14 %	544
$N(1520)\pi$, P-wave	9–21 %	490
$N(1680)\pi$, S-wave	8–22 %	353
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	0.3–1.3 %	307
$p\gamma$	0.03–0.19 %	840
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.02–0.08 %	840
$p\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.01–0.10 %	840
$n\gamma$	0.003–0.07 %	840
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.001–0.02 %	840
$n\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.002–0.05 %	840

$N(2100)$ $1/2^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 2050 to 2150 ($\approx$ 2100) MeV
-2Im(pole position) = 240 to 340 ($\approx$ 300) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 2050 to 2150 ($\approx$ 2100) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 200 to 320 ($\approx$ 260) MeV

$N(2100)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	8–32 %	834
$N\eta$	5–45 %	729

$N\eta'$	5–11 %	451
$N\omega$	10–25 %	600
ΛK	<1.0 %	644
$N\pi\pi$	>55 %	814
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, P-wave	6–14 %	680
$N\rho$, S=1/2, P-wave	35–70	605
$N\sigma$	14–35 %	–
$N(1535)\pi$	26–34 %	478
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	3–11 %	307
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.001–0.13 %	840
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.004–0.09 %	840

N(2120) 3/2$^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$

Re(pole position) = 2050 to 2150 (≈ 2100) MeV
-2Im(pole position) = 200 to 360 (≈ 280) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 2060 to 2160 (≈ 2120) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 260 to 360 (≈ 300) MeV

N(2120) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–15 %	846
$N\eta$	1–5 %	743
$N\eta'$	2–6 %	474
$N\omega$	4–20 %	617
ΛK	6–11 %	660
$N\pi\pi$	>27 %	827
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	>23 %	693
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, S-wave	15–70 %	693
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, D-wave	8–45 %	693
$N\rho$, S=3/2 , S-wave	< 3 %	622
$N\sigma$	4–15 %	–
$N(1535)\pi$	7–23 %	494
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	< 0.2 %	339
$p\gamma$	0.16–2.1 %	852
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.07–0.80 %	852
$p\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.09–1.3 %	852
$n\gamma$	0.04–0.72 %	852
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.04–0.60 %	852
$n\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.001–0.12 %	852

$N(2190)\ 7/2^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{7}{2}^-)$

Re(pole position) = 1950 to 2150 ($\approx$ 2050) MeV
$-$2Im(pole position) = 300 to 500 ($\approx$ 400) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 2140 to 2220 ($\approx$ 2180) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 300 to 500 ($\approx$ 400) MeV

***N*(2190) DECAY MODES**	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	10–20 %	882
$N\eta$	1–5 %	785
$N\omega$	8–20 %	667
ΛK	0.2–0.8 %	705
$N\pi\pi$	22–51 %	864
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, D-wave	19–31 %	734
$N\rho$, S=3/2, D-wave	<11 %	672
$N\sigma$	3–9 %	–
$\Lambda K^*(892)$	0.2–0.8 %	423
$p\gamma$	<0.08 %	888
$p\gamma$, helicity=1/2	<0.06 %	888
$p\gamma$, helicity=3/2	<0.02 %	888
$n\gamma$	<0.04 %	888
$n\gamma$, helicity=1/2	<0.01 %	888
$n\gamma$, helicity=3/2	<0.03 %	888

$N(2220)\ 9/2^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{9}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 2130 to 2200 ($\approx$ 2150) MeV
$-$2Im(pole position) = 360 to 480 ($\approx$ 400) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 2200 to 2300 ($\approx$ 2250) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 350 to 500 ($\approx$ 400) MeV

***N*(2220) DECAY MODES**	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	15–30 %	924

$N(2250)\ 9/2^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{9}{2}^-)$

Re(pole position) = 2100 to 2200 ($\approx$ 2150) MeV
$-$2Im(pole position) = 350 to 500 ($\approx$ 420) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 2250 to 2320 ($\approx$ 2280) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 300 to 600 ($\approx$ 500) MeV

***N*(2250) DECAY MODES**	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–15 %	941
$N\eta$	<5 %	852
ΛK	1–3 %	777

N(2600) 11/2$^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{11}{2}^-)$

Breit-Wigner mass = 2550 to 2750 (≈ 2600) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 500 to 800 (≈ 650) MeV

***N*(2600) DECAY MODES**	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	3–8 %	1126

Δ BARYONS
($S=0$, $I=3/2$)

$\Delta^{++} = uuu$, $\Delta^{+} = uud$, $\Delta^{0} = udd$, $\Delta^{-} = ddd$

Δ(1232) 3/2$^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 1209 to 1211 (≈ 1210) MeV
-2Im(pole position) = 98 to 102 (≈ 100) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass (mixed charges) = 1230 to 1234 (≈ 1232) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width (mixed charges) = 114 to 120 (≈ 117) MeV

Δ(1232) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	99.4 %	229
$N\gamma$	0.55–0.65 %	259
$N\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.11–0.13 %	259
$N\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.44–0.52 %	259
pe^+e^-	$(4.2\pm0.7)\times10^{-5}$	259

$\Delta(1600)$ 3/2$^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 1470 to 1590 (≈ 1520) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 150 to 320 (≈ 280) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1500 to 1640 (≈ 1570) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 200 to 300 (≈ 250) MeV

Δ(1600) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	8–24%	492
$N\pi\pi$	58–84 %	454
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	58–82 %	276
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, P-wave	72–82%	276
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, F-wave	<2%	276
$N(1440)\pi$	17–27%	†
$N\gamma$	0.001–0.035 %	505
$N\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.0–0.02 %	505
$N\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.001–0.015 %	505

$\Delta(1620)$ 1/2$^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$

Re(pole position) = 1590 to 1610 (≈ 1600) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 80 to 140 (≈ 110) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1590 to 1630 (≈ 1610) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 110 to 150 (≈ 130) MeV

Δ(1620) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	25–35 %	520
$N\pi\pi$	>67 %	484
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, D-wave	44–72 %	311
$N\rho$	23–32%	†
$N\rho$, S=1/2, S-wave	23–32%	†
$N\rho$, S=3/2, D-wave	<0.04%	†
$N(1440)\pi$	<9 %	98
$N\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.03–0.10 %	532

$\Delta(1700)$ 3/2$^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$

Re(pole position) = 1640 to 1690 (≈ 1665) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 200 to 300 (≈ 250) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1690 to 1730 (≈ 1710) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 220 to 380 (≈ 300) MeV

Δ(1700) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	10–20 %	588
$N\pi\pi$	>31 %	557
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	9–70 %	394
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, S-wave	5–54 %	394
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, D-wave	4–16 %	394
$N\rho$, S=3/2, S-wave	22–32%	†
$N(1520)\pi$, P-wave	1–5 %	133
$N(1535)\pi$	0.5–1.5 %	113
$\Delta(1232)\eta$	3–7 %	†
$N\gamma$	0.22–0.60 %	598
$N\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.12–0.30 %	598
$N\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.10–0.30 %	598

Δ(1900) 1/2$^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$

Re(pole position) = 1830 to 1900 (≈ 1865) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 180 to 300 (≈ 240) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1840 to 1920 (≈ 1860) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 180 to 320 (≈ 250) MeV

Δ(1900) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	4–12%	685
ΣK	seen	367
$N\pi\pi$	> 52%	660
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, D-wave	30–70%	509
$N\rho$	22–60 %	360
$N\rho$, S=1/2, S-wave	11–35%	360
$N\rho$, S=3/2, D-wave	11–25%	360
$N(1440)\pi$	3–32%	353
$N(1520)\pi$	2–10%	288
$\Delta(1232)\eta$	< 2%	251
$N\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.06–0.43 %	693

Δ(1905) 5/2$^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{5}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 1750 to 1800 (≈ 1770) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 260 to 340 (≈ 300) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1855 to 1910 (≈ 1880) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 270 to 400 (≈ 330) MeV

$\Delta(1905)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	9–15%	698
$N\pi\pi$	>65%	673
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	>48%	524
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, P-wave	8–43%	524
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, F-wave	40–58%	524
$N\rho$, S=3/2, P-wave	17–35%	385
$N(1535)\pi$	< 1 %	293
$N(1680)\pi$, P-wave	5–15%	133
$\Delta(1232)\eta$	2–6%	282
$N\gamma$	0.012–0.036 %	706
$N\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.002–0.006 %	706
$N\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.01–0.03 %	706

$\Delta(1910)$ 1/2$^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 1800 to 1900 (≈ 1850) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 200 to 500 (≈ 350) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1850 to 1950 (≈ 1900) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 200 to 400 (≈ 300) MeV

$\Delta(1910)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	10–30%	710
ΣK	4–14%	410
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	34–66%	539
$N(1440)\pi$	3–45%	386
$\Delta(1232)\eta$	5–13%	310
$N\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.0–0.02 %	718

$\Delta(1920)$ 3/2$^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 1850 to 1950 (≈ 1900) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 200 to 400 (≈ 300) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1870 to 1970 (≈ 1920) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 240 to 360 (≈ 300) MeV

$\Delta(1920)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–20 %	723
ΣK	2–6 %	431
$N\pi\pi$	>46 %	699
$\Delta(1232)\pi$	>46 %	553

$\Delta(1232)\pi$, P-wave	2–28 %	553
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, F-wave	44–72 %	553
$N(1440)\pi$, P-wave	4–86 %	403
$N(1520)\pi$, S-wave	<5 %	341
$N(1535)\pi$	<2 %	328
$N a_0(980)$	seen	41
$\Delta(1232)\eta$	5–17 %	336
$N\gamma$	0.01–0.84 %	731
$N\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.0–0.42 %	731
$N\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.01–0.42 %	731

Δ(1930) 5/2$^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{5}{2}^-)$

Re(pole position) = 1820 to 1880 (≈ 1850) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 300 to 450 (≈ 320) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1900 to 2000 (≈ 1950) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 200 to 400 (≈ 300) MeV

Δ(1930) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–15 %	742
$N\gamma$	0.0–0.01 %	749
$N\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.0–0.005 %	749
$N\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.0–0.004 %	749

Δ(1950) 7/2$^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{7}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 1870 to 1890 (≈ 1880) MeV
−2Im(pole position) = 220 to 260 (≈ 240) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 1915 to 1950 (≈ 1930) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 235 to 335 (≈ 285) MeV

Δ(1950) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	35–45 %	729
ΣK	0.3–0.5 %	441
$N\pi\pi$	37–77 %	706
$\Delta(1232)\pi$, F-wave	1–9 %	560
$N(1680)\pi$, P-wave	3–9 %	191
$\Delta(1232)\eta$	< 0.6 %	349
$N\gamma$	0.06–0.14 %	737
$N\gamma$, helicity=1/2	0.03–0.05 %	737
$N\gamma$, helicity=3/2	0.04–0.09 %	737

$\Delta(2200)\ 7/2^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{7}{2}^-)$

Re(pole position) = 2050 to 2150 (≈ 2100) MeV
-2Im(pole position) = 260 to 420 (≈ 340) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 2150 to 2250 (≈ 2200) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 200 to 500 (≈ 350) MeV

Δ(2200) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	2–8 %	894
ΣK	1–7 %	672
$N\pi\pi$	>45 %	876
$\Delta\pi$	>45 %	747
$\Delta\pi$, D-wave	>40 %	747
$\Delta\pi$, G-wave	5–25 %	747
$\Delta\eta$, D-wave	seen	614

$\Delta(2420)\ 11/2^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{3}{2}(\frac{11}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 2300 to 2500 (≈ 2400) MeV
-2Im(pole position) = 350 to 550 (≈ 450) MeV
Breit-Wigner mass = 2300 to 2600 (≈ 2450) MeV
Breit-Wigner full width = 300 to 700 (≈ 500) MeV

Δ(2420) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\pi$	5–10 %	1040

Λ BARYONS
$(S = -1, I = 0)$

$\Lambda^0 = uds$

Λ

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Mass $m = 1115.683 \pm 0.006$ MeV
$(m_\Lambda - m_{\overline{\Lambda}})\ /\ m_\Lambda = (-0.1 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-5}$ (S = 1.6)
Mean life $\tau = (2.617 \pm 0.010) \times 10^{-10}$ s (S = 1.5)
$(\tau_\Lambda - \tau_{\overline{\Lambda}})\ /\ \tau_\Lambda = (0.9 \pm 3.2) \times 10^{-3}$
$c\tau = 7.845$ cm
Magnetic moment $\mu = -0.613 \pm 0.004\ \mu_N$
Electric dipole moment $d < 1.5 \times 10^{-16}\ e$cm, CL = 95%

Decay parameters

$p\pi^-$ $\alpha_- = 0.747 \pm 0.009$ (S = 2.5)
$\overline{p}\pi^+$ $\alpha_+ = -0.757 \pm 0.004$
$\overline{\alpha}_0$ FOR $\overline{\Lambda} \to \overline{n}\pi^0 = -0.692 \pm 0.017$
α_γ FOR $\Lambda \to n\gamma = -0.16 \pm 0.11$
$p\pi^-$ $\phi_- = (-6.5 \pm 3.5)^\circ$
" $\gamma_- = 0.76$ [l]
" $\Delta_- = (8 \pm 4)^\circ$ [l]
$\overline{\alpha}_0 / \alpha_+$ in $\overline{\Lambda} \to \overline{n}\pi^0$, $\overline{\Lambda} \to \overline{p}\pi^+ = 0.913 \pm 0.030$
$R = |G_E/G_M|$ in $\Lambda \to p\pi^-$, $\overline{\Lambda} \to \overline{p}\pi^+ = 0.96 \pm 0.14$
$\Delta\Phi = \Phi_E - \Phi_M$ in $\Lambda \to p\pi^-$, $\overline{\Lambda} \to \overline{p}\pi^+ = 37 \pm 13$ degrees
$n\pi^0$ $\alpha_0 = 0.75 \pm 0.05$
$pe^-\overline{\nu}_e$ $g_A/g_V = -0.718 \pm 0.015$ [h]

Λ DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$p\pi^-$		(64.1 ± 0.5) %		101
$n\pi^0$		(35.9 ± 0.5) %		104
$n\gamma$		$(8.3 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-4}$		162
$p\pi^-\gamma$	[n]	$(8.5 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-4}$		101
$pe^-\overline{\nu}_e$		$(8.34 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-4}$		163
$p\mu^-\overline{\nu}_\mu$		$(1.51 \pm 0.19) \times 10^{-4}$		131
Lepton (L) and/or Baryon (B) number violating decay modes				
π^+e^-	L,B	$< 6 \times 10^{-7}$	90%	549
$\pi^+\mu^-$	L,B	$< 6 \times 10^{-7}$	90%	544
π^-e^+	L,B	$< 4 \times 10^{-7}$	90%	549
$\pi^-\mu^+$	L,B	$< 6 \times 10^{-7}$	90%	544
K^+e^-	L,B	$< 2 \times 10^{-6}$	90%	449
$K^+\mu^-$	L,B	$< 3 \times 10^{-6}$	90%	441
K^-e^+	L,B	$< 2 \times 10^{-6}$	90%	449
$K^-\mu^+$	L,B	$< 3 \times 10^{-6}$	90%	441
$K^0_S\nu$	L,B	$< 2 \times 10^{-5}$	90%	447
$\overline{p}\pi^+$	B	$< 9 \times 10^{-7}$	90%	101
invisible		$< 7.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90%	–

$\Lambda(1405)$ 1/2$^-$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^-)$

Mass $m = 1405.1^{+1.3}_{-1.0}$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 50.5 \pm 2.0$ MeV
Below $\overline{K}N$ threshold

$\Lambda(1405)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Sigma\pi$	100 %	155

$\Lambda(1520)$ $3/2^-$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^-)$

Mass $m = 1518$ to 1520 (≈ 1519) MeV [o]
Full width $\Gamma = 15$ to 17 (≈ 16) MeV [o]

$\Lambda(1520)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	(45 ± 1) %	242
$\Sigma\pi$	(42 ± 1) %	268
$\Lambda\pi\pi$	(10 ± 1) %	259
$\Sigma\pi\pi$	(0.9 ± 0.1) %	168
$\Lambda\gamma$	(0.85 ± 0.15) %	350

$\Lambda(1600)$ $1/2^+$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Mass $m = 1570$ to 1630 (≈ 1600) MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 150$ to 250 (≈ 200) MeV

$\Lambda(1600)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	15–30 %	343
$\Sigma\pi$	10–60 %	338
$\Lambda\sigma$	(19 ± 4) %	–
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	(9 ± 4) %	158

$\Lambda(1670)$ $1/2^-$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^-)$

Mass $m = 1670$ to 1678 (≈ 1674) MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 25$ to 35 (≈ 30) MeV

$\Lambda(1670)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	20–30 %	418
$\Sigma\pi$	25–55 %	398
$\Lambda\eta$	10–25 %	88
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$, D-wave	(6.0 ± 2.0) %	235
$N\overline{K}^*(892)$, S=3/2, D-wave	(5 ± 4) %	†
$\Lambda\sigma$	(20 ± 8) %	–

$\Lambda(1690)\ 3/2^-$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^-)$

Mass m = 1685 to 1695 ($\approx$ 1690) MeV
Full width Γ = 60 to 80 ($\approx$ 70) MeV

Λ(1690) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	20–30 %	433
$\Sigma\pi$	20–40 %	410
$\Lambda\sigma$	(5.0$\pm$2.0) %	–
$\Lambda\pi\pi$	$\sim$ 25 %	419
$\Sigma\pi\pi$	$\sim$ 20 %	358
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$, S-wave	(9 $\pm$5) %	251
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$, D-wave	(3.0$\pm$2.0) %	251

$\Lambda(1800)\ 1/2^-$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^-)$

Mass m = 1750 to 1850 ($\approx$ 1800) MeV
Full width Γ = 150 to 250 ($\approx$ 200) MeV

Λ(1800) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	25–40 %	528
$\Sigma\pi$	seen	494
$\Lambda\sigma$	(15 $\pm$4) %	–
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	seen	349
$\Lambda\eta$	0.01 to 0.10	326
$N\overline{K}^*(892)$	seen	†

$\Lambda(1810)\ 1/2^+$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Mass m = 1740 to 1840 ($\approx$ 1790) MeV
Full width Γ = 50 to 170 ($\approx$ 110) MeV

Λ(1810) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	0.05 to 0.35	520
$\Sigma\pi$	(16 $\pm$ 5) %	487
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	(40 $\pm$15) %	340
$N\overline{K}^*(892)$	30–60 %	†

$\Lambda(1820)$ 5/2$^+$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{5}{2}^+)$

Mass m = 1815 to 1825 ($\approx$ 1820) MeV
Full width Γ = 70 to 90 ($\approx$ 80) MeV

Λ(1820) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	55–65 %	545
$\Sigma\pi$	8–14 %	509
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	5–10 %	366
$N\overline{K}^*(892)$, S=3/2, P-wave	(3.0$\pm$1.0) %	†

$\Lambda(1830)$ 5/2$^-$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{5}{2}^-)$

Mass m = 1820 to 1830 ($\approx$ 1825) MeV
Full width Γ = 60 to 120 ($\approx$ 90) MeV

Λ(1830) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	0.04 to 0.08		549
$\Sigma\pi$	35–75 %		512
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	>15 %		370
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$, D-wave	(40 $\pm$15) %	3.2	370

$\Lambda(1890)$ 3/2$^+$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

Mass m = 1870 to 1910 ($\approx$ 1890) MeV
Full width Γ = 80 to 160 ($\approx$ 120) MeV

Λ(1890) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	0.24 to 0.36	599
$\Sigma\pi$	3–10 %	560
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	seen	423
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$, P-wave	(6.0 $\pm$3.0) %	423
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$, F-wave	(4.0 $\pm$2.0) %	423
$N\overline{K}^*(892)$	seen	236

$\Lambda(2100)\ 7/2^-$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{7}{2}^-)$

Mass m = 2090 to 2110 ($\approx$ 2100) MeV
Full width Γ = 100 to 250 ($\approx$ 200) MeV

Λ(2100) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	25–35 %	751
$\Sigma\pi$	$\sim$ 5 %	705
$\Lambda\eta$	<3 %	617
ΞK	<3 %	491
$\Lambda\omega$	<8 %	443
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$, G-wave	(1.0$\pm$1.0) %	584
$N\overline{K}^*(892)$	10–20 %	515
$N\overline{K}^*(892)$, S=3/2, D-wave	(4.0$\pm$2.0) %	515

$\Lambda(2110)\ 5/2^+$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{5}{2}^+)$

Mass m = 2050 to 2130 ($\approx$ 2090) MeV
Full width Γ = 200 to 300 ($\approx$ 250) MeV

Λ(2110) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	5–25 %	744
$\Sigma\pi$	10–40 %	698
$\Lambda\omega$	seen	432
$\Lambda\omega$, S=3/2 , P-wave	(5.0$\pm$2.0) %	432
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	seen	576
$N\overline{K}^*(892)$	10–60 %	505

$\Lambda(2350)\ 9/2^+$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{9}{2}^+)$

Mass m = 2340 to 2370 ($\approx$ 2350) MeV
Full width Γ = 100 to 250 ($\approx$ 150) MeV

Λ(2350) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	$\sim$ 12 %	915
$\Sigma\pi$	$\sim$ 10 %	867

Σ BARYONS
$(S=-1, I=1)$

$\Sigma^+ = uus, \quad \Sigma^0 = uds, \quad \Sigma^- = dds$

Σ^+

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Mass $m = 1189.37 \pm 0.07$ MeV (S = 2.2)
Mean life $\tau = (0.8018 \pm 0.0026) \times 10^{-10}$ s
$c\tau = 2.404$ cm
$(\tau_{\Sigma^+} - \tau_{\overline{\Sigma}^-}) / \tau_{\Sigma^+} = -0.0006 \pm 0.0012$
Magnetic moment $\mu = 2.458 \pm 0.010\ \mu_N$ (S = 2.1)
$(\mu_{\Sigma^+} + \mu_{\overline{\Sigma}^-}) / \mu_{\Sigma^+} = 0.014 \pm 0.015$
$\Gamma(\Sigma^+ \to n\ell^+\nu)/\Gamma(\Sigma^- \to n\ell^-\overline{\nu}_\ell) < 0.043$

Decay parameters

$p\pi^0$ $\quad \alpha_0 = -0.982 \pm 0.014$
$\overline{p}\pi^0$ $\quad \overline{\alpha}_0 = 0.99 \pm 0.04$
$(\alpha_0 + \overline{\alpha}_0) / (\alpha_0 - \overline{\alpha}_0) = 0.00 \pm 0.04$
$p\pi^0$ $\quad \phi_0 = (36 \pm 34)^\circ$
" $\quad \gamma_0 = 0.16$ [l]
" $\quad \Delta_0 = (187 \pm 6)^\circ$ [l]
$n\pi^+$ $\quad \alpha_+ = (4.89 \pm 0.26) \times 10^{-2}$
" $\quad \phi_+ = (167 \pm 20)^\circ$ (S = 1.1)
$\overline{\alpha}_-$ FOR $\overline{\Sigma}^- \to \overline{n}\pi^- = (-5.7 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-2}$
$\overline{\alpha}_- / \overline{\alpha}_0 = (-5.7 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-2}$
$(\alpha_+ + \overline{\alpha}_-) / (\alpha_+ - \overline{\alpha}_-) = (-8 \pm 6) \times 10^{-2}$
" $\quad \gamma_+ = -0.97$ [l]
" $\quad \Delta_+ = (-73^{+133}_{-10})^\circ$ [l]
$p\gamma$ $\quad \alpha_\gamma = -0.69 \pm 0.05$

Σ^+ DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$p\pi^0$		(51.47 ± 0.30) %		189
$n\pi^+$		(48.43 ± 0.30) %		185
$p\gamma$		$(1.04 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-3}$	S=2.4	225
$n\pi^+\gamma$	[n]	$(4.5 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$		185
$\Lambda e^+\nu_e$		$(2.3 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-5}$		71
$\Delta S = \Delta Q$ (SQ) violating modes or $\Delta S = 1$ weak neutral current ($S1$) modes				
$ne^+\nu_e$	SQ	$< 5 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	224

$n\mu^+\nu_\mu$	SQ	$< 3.0 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	202
pe^+e^-	S1	$< 7 \times 10^{-6}$		225
$p\mu^+\mu^-$	S1	$(2.4 \ {}^{+1.7}_{-1.3}) \times 10^{-8}$		121

Σ^0

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Mass $m = 1192.642 \pm 0.024$ MeV
$m_{\Sigma^-} - m_{\Sigma^0} = 4.807 \pm 0.035$ MeV (S = 1.1)
$m_{\Sigma^0} - m_\Lambda = 76.959 \pm 0.023$ MeV
Mean life $\tau = (7.4 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-20}$ s
$c\tau = 2.22 \times 10^{-11}$ m
Transition magnetic moment $\left|\mu_{\Sigma\Lambda}\right| = 1.61 \pm 0.08\ \mu_N$

Σ^0 DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda\gamma$		100 %		74
$\Lambda\gamma\gamma$		< 3 %	90%	74
Λe^+e^-	[p]	5×10^{-3}		74

Σ^-

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Mass $m = 1197.449 \pm 0.029$ MeV (S = 1.1)
$m_{\Sigma^-} - m_{\Sigma^+} = 8.08 \pm 0.08$ MeV (S = 1.9)
$m_{\Sigma^-} - m_\Lambda = 81.766 \pm 0.029$ MeV (S = 1.1)
Mean life $\tau = (1.479 \pm 0.011) \times 10^{-10}$ s (S = 1.3)
$c\tau = 4.434$ cm
Magnetic moment $\mu = -1.160 \pm 0.025\ \mu_N$ (S = 1.7)
Σ^- charge radius $= 0.78 \pm 0.10$ fm

Decay parameters

$n\pi^-$	$\alpha_- = -0.068 \pm 0.008$
"	$\phi_- = (10 \pm 15)^\circ$
"	$\gamma_- = 0.98$ [l]
"	$\Delta_- = (249^{+\ 12}_{-120})^\circ$ [l]
$ne^-\overline{\nu}_e$	$g_A/g_V = 0.340 \pm 0.017$ [h]
"	$f_2(0)/f_1(0) = 0.97 \pm 0.14$
"	$D = 0.11 \pm 0.10$
$\Lambda e^-\overline{\nu}_e$	$g_V/g_A = 0.01 \pm 0.10$ [h] (S = 1.5)
"	$g_{WM}/g_A = 2.4 \pm 1.7$ [h]

Σ^- DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$n\pi^-$		(99.848 ± 0.005) %		193
$n\pi^-\gamma$	[n]	$(4.6 \pm0.6) \times 10^{-4}$		193
$ne^-\overline{\nu}_e$		$(1.017\pm0.034) \times 10^{-3}$		230
$n\mu^-\overline{\nu}_\mu$		$(4.5 \pm0.4) \times 10^{-4}$		210
$\Lambda e^-\overline{\nu}_e$		$(5.73 \pm0.27) \times 10^{-5}$		79
Σ^+X		$< 1.2 \times 10^{-4}$	90%	–
Lepton number (L) violating modes				
pe^-e^-	L	$< 6.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90%	231

$\Sigma(1385)\ 3/2^+$

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

$\Sigma(1385)^+$mass $m = 1382.83 \pm 0.34$ MeV (S = 1.9)
$\Sigma(1385)^0$ mass $m = 1383.7 \pm 1.0$ MeV (S = 1.4)
$\Sigma(1385)^-$mass $m = 1387.2 \pm 0.5$ MeV (S = 2.2)
$\Sigma(1385)^+$full width $\Gamma = 36.2 \pm 0.7$ MeV
$\Sigma(1385)^0$ full width $\Gamma = 36 \pm 5$ MeV
$\Sigma(1385)^-$full width $\Gamma = 39.4 \pm 2.1$ MeV (S = 1.7)
Below $\overline{K}N$ threshold

$\Sigma(1385)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda\pi$	(87.0 ± 1.5) %		208
$\Sigma\pi$	(11.7 ± 1.5) %		129
$\Lambda\gamma$	$(1.25^{+0.13}_{-0.12})$ %		241
$\Sigma^+\gamma$	$(7.0 \pm1.7) \times 10^{-3}$		180
$\Sigma^-\gamma$	$< 2.4 \times 10^{-4}$	90%	173

$\Sigma(1660)\ 1/2^+$

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Re(pole position) = 1585 ± 20 MeV
-2Im(pole position) = $290^{+140}_{-\ 40}$ MeV
Mass $m = 1640$ to 1680 (≈ 1660) MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 100$ to 300 (≈ 200) MeV

$\Sigma(1660)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	0.05 to 0.15 ($\approx$ 010)	405
$\Lambda\pi$	(35 ± 12) %	440
$\Sigma\pi$	(37 ± 10) %	387

$\Sigma\sigma$	(20 ± 8) %	–
$\Lambda(1405)\pi$	(4.0 ± 2.0) %	199

Σ(1670) 3/2−

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{3}{2}^-)$

Mass m = 1665 to 1685 (≈ 1675) MeV
Full width Γ = 40 to 100 (≈ 70) MeV

Σ(1670) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	0.06 to 0.12	419
$\Lambda\pi$	5–15 %	452
$\Sigma\pi$	30–60 %	398
$\Sigma\sigma$	(7.0 ±3.0) %	–

Σ(1750) 1/2−

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^-)$

Mass m = 1700 to 1800 (≈ 1750) MeV
Full width Γ = 100 to 200 (≈ 150) MeV

Σ(1750) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	0.06 to 0.12	486
$\Lambda\pi$	(14 ±5) %	507
$\Sigma\pi$	(16 ±4) %	456
$\Sigma\eta$	15–55 %	98
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$, D-wave	< 1 %	305
$\Lambda(1520)\pi$	(2.0 ±1.0) %	175
$N\overline{K}^*(892)$, S=1/2	(8 ±4) %	†

Σ(1775) 5/2−

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{5}{2}^-)$

Mass m = 1770 to 1780 (≈ 1775) MeV
Full width Γ = 105 to 135 (≈ 120) MeV

Σ(1775) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	37–43%	508
$\Lambda\pi$	14–20%	525
$\Sigma\pi$	2–5%	475
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	8–12%	327
$\Lambda(1520)\pi$, P-wave	17–23%	202

$\Sigma(1910)\ 3/2^-$

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{3}{2}^-)$

was $\Sigma(1940)$

Mass m = 1870 to 1950 ($\approx$ 1910) MeV
Full width Γ = 150 to 300 ($\approx$ 220) MeV

Σ(1910) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	0.01 to 0.05 ($\approx$ 0.02)	615
$\Lambda\pi$	(6 $\pm$ 4) %	619
$\Sigma\pi$	(86 $\pm$21) %	574
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	seen	439
$\Lambda(1520)\pi$	seen	329
$\Delta(1232)\overline{K}$	(3.0 $\pm$ 1.0) %	377
$N\overline{K}^*(892)$	seen	274
$N\overline{K}^*(892)$, S=1/2 , D-wave	(1.0 $\pm$ 1.0) %	274

$\Sigma(1915)\ 5/2^+$

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{5}{2}^+)$

Mass m = 1900 to 1935 ($\approx$ 1915) MeV
Full width Γ = 80 to 160 ($\approx$ 120) MeV

Σ(1915) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	0.05 to 0.15	618
$\Lambda\pi$	(6.0 $\pm$2.0) %	623
$\Sigma\pi$	(10.0 $\pm$2.0) %	577
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$, P-wave	(2.0 $\pm$2.0) %	443
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$, F-wave	(4.0 $\pm$2.0) %	443
$\Lambda(1520)\pi$, D-wave	(8.0 $\pm$2.0) %	334
$N\overline{K}^*(892)$, S=1/2, F-wave	(5.0 $\pm$3.0) %	282
$N\overline{K}^*(892)$, S=3/2, F-wave	(5.0 $\pm$2.0) %	282
$\Delta\overline{K}$, P-wave	(16 $\pm$5) %	383
$\Delta\overline{K}$, F-wave	(5.0 $\pm$3.0) %	383

$\Sigma(2030)\ 7/2^+$

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{7}{2}^+)$

Mass m = 2025 to 2040 ($\approx$ 2030) MeV
Full width Γ = 150 to 200 ($\approx$ 180) MeV

Σ(2030) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$N\overline{K}$	17–23 %	702

$\Lambda\pi$	17–23 %	700
$\Sigma\pi$	5–10 %	657
ΞK	<2 %	422
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$	5–15 %	532
$\Sigma(1385)\pi$, F-wave	(1.0 ± 1.0) %	532
$\Lambda(1520)\pi$	10–20 %	431
$\Delta(1232)\overline{K}$	10–20 %	498
$\Delta(1232)\overline{K}$, F-wave	(15 ± 5) %	498
$\Delta(1232)\overline{K}$, H-wave	(1.0 ± 1.0) %	498
$N\overline{K}^*(892)$, S=3/2, F-wave	(14 ± 8) %	439

Ξ BARYONS
($S=-2$, $I=1/2$)

$\Xi^0 = uss$, $\Xi^- = dss$

Ξ^0

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

P is not yet measured; + is the quark model prediction.

Mass $m = 1314.86 \pm 0.20$ MeV
$m_{\Xi^-} - m_{\Xi^0} = 6.85 \pm 0.21$ MeV
Mean life $\tau = (2.90 \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-10}$ s
$c\tau = 8.71$ cm
Magnetic moment $\mu = -1.250 \pm 0.014\ \mu_N$

Decay parameters

$\Lambda\pi^0$ $\alpha = -0.349 \pm 0.009$
α FOR $\overline{\Xi}^0 \to \overline{\Lambda}\pi^0 = 0.379 \pm 0.004$
" $\phi = (0.3 \pm 0.6)^\circ$
ϕ ANGLE FOR $\overline{\Xi}^0 \to \overline{\Lambda}\pi^0$ with tan$\phi = \beta/\gamma = -0.3 \pm 0.6$ degrees
$\Delta\phi_{CP}(\Xi^0) = (\phi_{\Xi^0} + \phi_{\overline{\Xi}^0})/2 = 0.0 \pm 0.4$ degrees
A_{CP} FOR $\Xi^0 \to \Lambda\pi^0$, $\overline{\Xi}^0 \to \overline{\Lambda}\pi^0 = (-5 \pm 7) \times 10^{-3}$
" $\gamma = 0.85$ [l]
" $\Delta = (218^{+12}_{-19})^\circ$ [l]
$\Lambda\gamma$ $\alpha = -0.70 \pm 0.07$
$\Lambda e^+ e^-$ $\alpha = -0.8 \pm 0.2$
$\Sigma^0\gamma$ $\alpha = -0.69 \pm 0.06$
$\Sigma^+ e^- \overline{\nu}_e$ $g_1(0)/f_1(0) = 1.22 \pm 0.05$
$\Sigma^+ e^- \overline{\nu}_e$ $f_2(0)/f_1(0) = 2.0 \pm 0.9$

Ξ^0 DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda\pi^0$		(99.524 ± 0.012) %		135
$\Lambda\gamma$		$(1.17 \pm0.07) \times 10^{-3}$		184
$\Lambda e^+ e^-$		$(7.6 \pm0.6) \times 10^{-6}$		184
$\Sigma^0\gamma$		$(3.33 \pm0.10) \times 10^{-3}$		117
$\Sigma^+ e^- \overline{\nu}_e$		$(2.52 \pm0.08) \times 10^{-4}$		120
$\Sigma^+ \mu^- \overline{\nu}_\mu$		$(2.33 \pm0.35) \times 10^{-6}$		64
$\Delta S = \Delta Q$ (SQ) violating modes or $\Delta S = 2$ forbidden ($S2$) modes				
$\Sigma^- e^+ \nu_e$	SQ	$< 1.6 \times 10^{-4}$	90%	112
$\Sigma^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	SQ	$< 9 \times 10^{-4}$	90%	49
$p\pi^-$	$S2$	$< 8 \times 10^{-6}$	90%	299
$p e^- \overline{\nu}_e$	$S2$	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-3}$		323
$p \mu^- \overline{\nu}_\mu$	$S2$	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-3}$		309

Ξ^-

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

P is not yet measured; + is the quark model prediction.

Mass $m = 1321.71 \pm 0.07$ MeV
$(m_{\Xi^-} - m_{\overline{\Xi}^+}) \,/\, m_{\Xi^-} = (-3 \pm 9) \times 10^{-5}$
Mean life $\tau = (1.639 \pm 0.015) \times 10^{-10}$ s
$c\tau = 4.91$ cm
$(\tau_{\Xi^-} - \tau_{\overline{\Xi}^+}) \,/\, \tau_{\Xi^-} = -0.01 \pm 0.07$
Magnetic moment $\mu = -0.6507 \pm 0.0025\ \mu_N$
$(\mu_{\Xi^-} + \mu_{\overline{\Xi}^+}) \,/\, \left|\mu_{\Xi^-}\right| = +0.01 \pm 0.05$

Decay parameters

$\Lambda\pi^-$ $\alpha = -0.390 \pm 0.007$ (S = 2.0)
$\alpha(\overline{\Xi}^+)$ for $\overline{\Xi}^+ \to \overline{\Lambda}\pi^+ = 0.371 \pm 0.007$
$(\alpha + \overline{\alpha}) \,/\, (\alpha - \overline{\alpha})$ for $\Xi^- \to \Lambda\pi^-$, $\overline{\Xi}^+ \to \overline{\Lambda}\pi^+ = (6 \pm 14) \times 10^{-3}$
$[\alpha(\Xi^-)\alpha_-(\Lambda) - \alpha(\overline{\Xi}^+)\alpha_+(\overline{\Lambda})]$ / [sum] $= (0 \pm 7) \times 10^{-4}$
" $\phi = (-1.2 \pm 1.0)^\circ$ (S = 1.4)
ϕ ANGLE FOR $\overline{\Xi}^+ \to \overline{\Lambda}\pi^+$ $(\tan\phi = \beta/\gamma) = (-1.2 \pm 1.2)^\circ$
$\Delta\Phi_{CP} = (\Phi_- + \Phi_+)/2 = (-0.3 \pm 0.8)^\circ$
" $\gamma = 0.89$ [l]
" $\Delta = (175.9 \pm 1.5)^\circ$ [l]
$\Lambda e^- \overline{\nu}_e$ $g_A/g_V = -0.25 \pm 0.05$ [h]

Ξ^- DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda\pi^-$		(99.887 ± 0.035) %		140
$\Sigma^-\gamma$		$(1.27\pm0.23)\times10^{-4}$		118
$\Lambda e^-\overline{\nu}_e$		$(5.63\pm0.31)\times10^{-4}$		190
$\Lambda\mu^-\overline{\nu}_\mu$		$(3.5\ ^{+3.5}_{-2.2})\times10^{-4}$		163
$\Sigma^0 e^-\overline{\nu}_e$		$(8.7\pm1.7)\times10^{-5}$		123
$\Sigma^0\mu^-\overline{\nu}_\mu$		$<8\times10^{-4}$	90%	70
$\Xi^0 e^-\overline{\nu}_e$		$<2.59\times10^{-4}$	90%	7
$\Delta S = 2$ forbidden ($S2$) modes				
$n\pi^-$	$S2$	$<1.9\times10^{-5}$	90%	304
$ne^-\overline{\nu}_e$	$S2$	$<3.2\times10^{-3}$	90%	327
$n\mu^-\overline{\nu}_\mu$	$S2$	<1.5 %	90%	314
$p\pi^-\pi^-$	$S2$	$<4\times10^{-4}$	90%	223
$p\pi^-e^-\overline{\nu}_e$	$S2$	$<4\times10^{-4}$	90%	305
$p\pi^-\mu^-\overline{\nu}_\mu$	$S2$	$<4\times10^{-4}$	90%	251
$p\mu^-\mu^-$	L	$<4\times10^{-8}$	90%	272

$\Xi(1530)\ 3/2^+$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

$\Xi(1530)^0$ mass $m = 1531.80 \pm 0.32$ MeV (S = 1.3)
$\Xi(1530)^-$ mass $m = 1535.0 \pm 0.6$ MeV
$\Xi(1530)^0$ full width $\Gamma = 9.1 \pm 0.5$ MeV
$\Xi(1530)^-$ full width $\Gamma = 9.9^{+1.7}_{-1.9}$ MeV

$\Xi(1530)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi\pi$	100 %		158
$\Xi\gamma$	<3.7 %	90%	202

$\Xi(1690)$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(?^?)$

Mass $m = 1690 \pm 10$ MeV [o]
Full width $\Gamma = 20 \pm 15$ MeV

$\Xi(1690)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda\overline{K}$	seen	240
$\Sigma\overline{K}$	seen	70
$\Xi\pi$	seen	311
$\Xi^-\pi^+\pi^-$	possibly seen	213

$\Xi(1820)\ 3/2^-$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$

Mass $m = 1823 \pm 5$ MeV [o]
Full width $\Gamma = 24^{+15}_{-10}$ MeV [o]

Ξ(1820) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda \overline{K}$	large	402
$\Sigma \overline{K}$	small	324
$\Xi \pi$	small	421
$\Xi(1530)\pi$	small	237

$\Xi(1950)$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(?^?)$

Mass $m = 1950 \pm 15$ MeV [o]
Full width $\Gamma = 60 \pm 20$ MeV [o]

Ξ(1950) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda \overline{K}$	seen	522
$\Sigma \overline{K}$	possibly seen	460
$\Xi \pi$	seen	519

$\Xi(2030)$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\geq \frac{5}{2}^?)$

Mass $m = 2025 \pm 5$ MeV [o]
Full width $\Gamma = 20^{+15}_{-\ 5}$ MeV [o]

Ξ(2030) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda \overline{K}$	~ 20 %	585
$\Sigma \overline{K}$	~ 80 %	529
$\Xi \pi$	small	574
$\Xi(1530)\pi$	small	416
$\Lambda \overline{K} \pi$	small	499
$\Sigma \overline{K} \pi$	small	428

Ω BARYONS
$(S=-3, I=0)$

$\Omega^- = sss$

Ω^-

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

$J^P = \frac{3}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction; and $J = 3/2$ is fairly well established.

Mass $m = 1672.45 \pm 0.29$ MeV
$(m_{\Omega^-} - m_{\overline{\Omega}^+}) / m_{\Omega^-} = (-1 \pm 8) \times 10^{-5}$
Mean life $\tau = (0.821 \pm 0.011) \times 10^{-10}$ s
$c\tau = 2.461$ cm
$(\tau_{\Omega^-} - \tau_{\overline{\Omega}^+}) / \tau_{\Omega^-} = 0.00 \pm 0.05$
Magnetic moment $\mu = -2.02 \pm 0.05\ \mu_N$

Decay parameters

$\alpha(\Omega^-)\ \alpha_-(\Lambda)$ FOR $\Omega^- \to \Lambda K^-$ $= 0.0115 \pm 0.0015$
ΛK^- $\alpha = 0.0154 \pm 0.0020$
ΛK^-, $\overline{\Lambda} K^+$ $(\alpha + \overline{\alpha})/(\alpha - \overline{\alpha}) = -0.02 \pm 0.13$
$\Xi^0 \pi^-$ $\alpha = 0.09 \pm 0.14$
$\Xi^- \pi^0$ $\alpha = 0.05 \pm 0.21$

Ω^- DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
ΛK^-		(67.7 ± 0.7) %		211
$\Xi^0 \pi^-$		(24.3 ± 0.7) %	S=1.5	294
$\Xi^- \pi^0$		(8.55 ± 0.33) %		289
$\Xi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$		$(3.7 {}^{+0.7}_{-0.6}) \times 10^{-4}$		189
$\Xi(1530)^0 \pi^-$		$< 7 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	17
$\Xi^0 e^- \overline{\nu}_e$		$(5.6 \pm 2.8) \times 10^{-3}$		319
$\Xi^- \gamma$		$< 4.6 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	314
$\Delta S = 2$ forbidden ($S2$) modes				
$\Lambda \pi^-$	$S2$	$< 2.9 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	449

$\Omega(2012)^-$

$I(J^P) = 0(?^-)$

Mass $m = 2012.4 \pm 0.9$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 6.4^{+3.0}_{-2.6}$ MeV

Branching fractions are given relative to the one **DEFINED AS 1**.

$\Omega(2012)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi^0 K^-$	**DEFINED AS 1**		403
$\Xi^- \overline{K}^0$	0.83 ± 0.21		392
$\Xi^0 \pi^0 K^-$	<0.30	90%	245
$\Xi^0 \pi^- \overline{K}^0$	<0.21	90%	230
$\Xi^- \pi^0 \overline{K}^0$	<0.7	90%	226
$\Xi^- \pi^+ K^-$	<0.08	90%	224

$\Omega(2250)^-$

$I(J^P) = 0(?^?)$

Mass $m = 2252 \pm 9$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 55 \pm 18$ MeV

$\Omega(2250)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi^- \pi^+ K^-$	seen	532
$\Xi(1530)^0 K^-$	seen	437

CHARMED BARYONS
$(C=+1)$

$\Lambda_c^+ = u\,d\,c, \quad \Sigma_c^{++} = u\,u\,c, \quad \Sigma_c^+ = u\,d\,c, \quad \Sigma_c^0 = d\,d\,c,$
$\Xi_c^+ = u\,s\,c, \quad \Xi_c^0 = d\,s\,c, \quad \Omega_c^0 = s\,s\,c$

Λ_c^+

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

Mass $m = 2286.46 \pm 0.14$ MeV
Mean life $\tau = (202.6 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-15}$ s
$c\tau = 60.75$ μm

Decay asymmetry parameters

$\Lambda\pi^+$ $\quad \alpha = -0.755 \pm 0.006$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\rho^+ = -0.76 \pm 0.07$

$\Sigma^+\pi^0$ $\alpha = -0.484 \pm 0.027$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Sigma^+\eta = -0.99 \pm 0.06$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Sigma^+\eta' = -0.46 \pm 0.07$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Sigma^0\pi^+ = -0.466 \pm 0.018$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Sigma(1385)^+\pi^0 = -0.92 \pm 0.09$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Sigma(1385)^0\pi^+ = -0.79 \pm 0.11$
$\Lambda\ell^+\nu_\ell$ $\alpha = -0.875 \pm 0.033$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to pK_S^0 = 0.2 \pm 0.5$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Lambda K^+ = -0.58 \pm 0.05$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Sigma^0 K^+ = -0.54 \pm 0.20$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Lambda(1405)\pi^+ = 0.58 \pm 0.28$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Lambda(1520)\pi^+ = 0.93 \pm 0.09$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Lambda(1600)\pi^+ = 0.2 \pm 0.5$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Lambda(1670)\pi^+ = 0.82 \pm 0.08$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Lambda(1690)\pi^+ = 0.958 \pm 0.034$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Lambda(2000)\pi^+ = -0.57 \pm 0.19$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Delta(1232)^{++}K^- = 0.55 \pm 0.04$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Delta(1600)^{++}K^- = -0.50 \pm 0.18$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Delta(1700)^{++}K^- = 0.22 \pm 0.08$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \overline{K}_0^*(700)^0 p = -0.1 \pm 0.7$
α FOR $\Lambda_c^+ \to \overline{K}_0^*(1430)^0 p = 0.34 \pm 0.14$
$(\alpha+\overline{\alpha})/(\alpha-\overline{\alpha})$ in $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Lambda\pi^+$, $\overline{\Lambda}_c^- \to \overline{\Lambda}\pi^- = 0.020 \pm 0.016$
$(\alpha+\overline{\alpha})/(\alpha-\overline{\alpha})$ in $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Sigma^0\pi^+$, $\overline{\Lambda}_c^- \to \overline{\Sigma}^0\pi^- = -0.02 \pm 0.05$
$(\alpha+\overline{\alpha})/(\alpha-\overline{\alpha})$ in $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Lambda e^+\nu_e$, $\overline{\Lambda}_c^- \to \overline{\Lambda}e^-\overline{\nu}_e = 0.00 \pm 0.04$
$(\alpha+\overline{\alpha})/(\alpha-\overline{\alpha})$ in $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Lambda K^+$, $\overline{\Lambda}_c^- \to \overline{\Lambda}K^- = -0.02 \pm 0.11$
$(\alpha+\overline{\alpha})/(\alpha-\overline{\alpha})$ in $\Lambda_c^+ \to \Sigma^0 K^+$, $\overline{\Lambda}_c^- \to \overline{\Sigma}^0 K^- = 0.1 \pm 0.4$
$A_{CP}(\Lambda X)$ in $\Lambda_c \to \Lambda X$, $\overline{\Lambda}_c \to \overline{\Lambda}X = (2 \pm 7)\%$
$A_{CP}(\Lambda K^+)$ in $\Lambda_c \to \Lambda K^+$, $\overline{\Lambda}_c \to \overline{\Lambda}K^- = 0.021 \pm 0.026$
$A_{CP}(\Sigma^0 K^+)$ in $\Lambda_c \to \Sigma^0 K^+$, $\overline{\Lambda}_c \to \overline{\Sigma}^0 K^- = 0.03 \pm 0.05$
$\Delta A_{CP} = A_{CP}(\Lambda_c^+ \to pK^+K^-) - A_{CP}(\Lambda_c^+ \to p\pi^+\pi^-) = (0.3 \pm 1.1)\%$

Branching fractions marked with a footnote, e.g. [*a*], have been corrected for decay modes not observed in the experiments. For example, the submode fraction $\Lambda_c^+ \to p\overline{K}^*(892)^0$ seen in $\Lambda_c^+ \to pK^-\pi^+$ has been multiplied up to include $\overline{K}^*(892)^0 \to \overline{K}^0\pi^0$ decays.

Λ_c^+ DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
Hadronic modes with a p or n: $S = -1$ final states				
$p K_S^0$		(1.59 ± 0.07) %	S=1.1	873
$p K^- \pi^+$		(6.24 ± 0.28) %	S=1.4	823
$p \overline{K}_0^*(700)^0$		$(1.9 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$		715
$p \overline{K}^*(892)^0$	[q]	(1.39 ± 0.07) %		685
$p \overline{K}_0^*(1430)$		$(9.2 \pm 1.8) \times 10^{-3}$		†
$\Delta(1232)^{++} K^-$		(1.76 ± 0.09) %		710
$\Delta(1600)^{++} K^-$		$(2.8 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-3}$		–
$\Delta(1700)^{++} K^-$		$(2.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$		–
$\Lambda(1405)^0 \pi^+$		$(4.8 \pm 1.9) \times 10^{-3}$		–
$\Lambda(1520) \pi^+$	[q]	$(1.16 \pm 0.16) \times 10^{-3}$		628
$\Lambda(1600) \pi^+$		$(3.2 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-3}$		571
$\Lambda(1670) \pi^+$		$(7.4 \pm 2.1) \times 10^{-4}$		516
$\Lambda(1690) \pi^+$		$(7.4 \pm 2.2) \times 10^{-4}$		504
$\Lambda(2000) \pi^+$		$(6.0 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-3}$		234
$p K^- \pi^+$ nonresonant		(3.5 ± 0.4) %		823
$p K_S^0 \pi^0$		(1.96 ± 0.12) %		823
$n K_S^0 \pi^+$		(1.82 ± 0.25) %		821
$n K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$		(1.90 ± 0.12) %		756
$p \overline{K}^0 \eta$		$(8.8 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	568
$p K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$		(1.59 ± 0.11) %	S=1.1	754
$p K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$		(4.43 ± 0.28) %	S=1.5	759
$p K^*(892)^- \pi^+$	[q]	(1.4 ± 0.5) %		580
$p (K^- \pi^+)_{\text{nonresonant}} \pi^0$		(4.6 ± 0.8) %		759
$\Delta(1232) \overline{K}^*(892)$		seen		419
$p K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-$		$(1.4 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-3}$		671
$p K^- \pi^+ 2\pi^0$		$(10 \pm 5) \times 10^{-3}$		678
Hadronic modes with a p or n: $S = 0$ final states				
$p \pi^0$		$< 8 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	945
$n \pi^+$		$(6.6 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-4}$		944
$p \eta$		$(1.57 \pm 0.12) \times 10^{-3}$		856
$p \eta'$		$(4.8 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-4}$		639
$p \omega(782)^0$		$(1.11 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-3}$		751
$p \pi^+ \pi^-$		$(4.59 \pm 0.25) \times 10^{-3}$		927
$p f_0(980)$	[q]	$(3.4 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-3}$		614
$n \pi^+ \pi^0$		$(6.4 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-3}$		927
$n \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+$		$(4.5 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-3}$		895
$p 2\pi^+ 2\pi^-$		$(2.2 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$		852
$p K^+ K^-$		$(1.06 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{-3}$		616

$p\phi$	[q]	$(1.06\pm 0.14)\times 10^{-3}$		590
pK^+K^- non-ϕ		$(5.2\pm 1.1)\times 10^{-4}$		616
$pK^0_S K^0_S$		$(2.35\pm 0.18)\times 10^{-4}$		610
$p\phi\pi^0$		$(10\pm 4)\times 10^{-5}$		460
$pK^+K^-\pi^0$ nonresonant		$< 6.3\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	494

Hadronic modes with a hyperon: $S=-1$ final states

$\Lambda\pi^+$		(1.29 ± 0.05) %	S=1.1	864
$\Lambda(1670)\pi^+$, $\Lambda(1670)\to \eta\Lambda$		$(3.5\pm 0.5)\times 10^{-3}$		–
$\Lambda\pi^+\pi^0$		(7.02 ± 0.35) %	S=1.1	844
$\Lambda\rho^+$		(4.0 ± 0.5) %		636
$\Sigma(1385)^+\pi^0$, $\Sigma^+\to \Lambda\pi^+$		$(5.0\pm 0.7)\times 10^{-3}$		–
$\Sigma(1385)^0\pi^+$, $\Sigma^0\to \Lambda\pi^0$		$(5.6\pm 0.8)\times 10^{-3}$		–
$\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+$		(3.61 ± 0.26) %	S=1.4	807
$\Sigma(1385)^+\pi^+\pi^-$, $\Sigma^{*+}\to \Lambda\pi^+$		(1.0 ± 0.5) %		688
$\Sigma(1385)^-2\pi^+$, $\Sigma^{*-}\to \Lambda\pi^-$		$(7.6\pm 1.4)\times 10^{-3}$		688
$\Lambda\pi^+\rho^0$		(1.4 ± 0.6) %		524
$\Sigma(1385)^+\rho^0$, $\Sigma^{*+}\to \Lambda\pi^+$		$(5\pm 4)\times 10^{-3}$		363
$\Lambda\pi^-2\pi^+$ nonresonant		< 1.1 %	CL=90%	807
$\Lambda\pi^-\pi^0 2\pi^+$ total		(2.2 ± 0.8) %		757
$\Lambda\pi^+\eta$	[q]	(1.84 ± 0.11) %	S=1.1	691
$\Sigma(1385)^+\eta$	[q]	$(9.1\pm 2.0)\times 10^{-3}$		570
$\Lambda\pi^+\omega$	[q]	(1.5 ± 0.5) %		517
$\Lambda\pi^-\pi^0 2\pi^+$, no η or ω		$< 8\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	757
$\Lambda K^+\overline{K}^0$		$(5.6\pm 1.1)\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.9	443
$\Xi(1690)^0 K^+$, $\Xi^{*0}\to \Lambda\overline{K}^0$		$(1.6\pm 0.5)\times 10^{-3}$		286
$\Sigma^0\pi^+$		(1.27 ± 0.06) %	S=1.1	825
$\Sigma^0\pi^+\eta$		$(7.5\pm 0.8)\times 10^{-3}$		635
$\Sigma^+\pi^0$		(1.24 ± 0.09) %		827
$\Sigma^+\eta$		$(3.2\pm 0.5)\times 10^{-3}$		713
$\Sigma^+\eta'$		$(4.1\pm 0.8)\times 10^{-3}$		391
$\Sigma^+\pi^+\pi^-$		(4.47 ± 0.22) %	S=1.2	804
$\Sigma^+\rho^0$		< 1.7 %	CL=95%	575
$\Sigma^-2\pi^+$		(1.86 ± 0.18) %		799
$\Sigma^0\pi^+\pi^0$		(3.5 ± 0.4) %		803
$\Sigma^+\pi^0\pi^0$		(1.54 ± 0.14) %		806
$\Sigma^0\pi^-2\pi^+$		(1.10 ± 0.30) %		763
$\Sigma^+\omega$		(1.69 ± 0.20) %		569
$\Sigma^-\pi^0 2\pi^+$		(2.1 ± 0.4) %		762
$\Sigma^+K^+K^-$		$(3.59\pm 0.35)\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	349
$\Sigma^+\phi$	[q]	$(3.9\pm 0.5)\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	295
$\Xi(1690)^0 K^+$, $\Xi^{*0}\to \Sigma^+K^-$		$(1.01\pm 0.25)\times 10^{-3}$		286

$\Sigma^+ K^+ K^-$ nonresonant		$<$ 8	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	349
$\Xi^0 K^+$		(5.5 $\pm$ 0.7)	$\times 10^{-3}$		653
$\Xi^- K^+ \pi^+$		(6.2 $\pm$ 0.5)	$\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	565
$\Xi(1530)^0 K^+$		(4.3 $\pm$ 0.9)	$\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	473

Hadronic modes with a hyperon: $S = 0$ final states

ΛK^+		(6.42$\pm$ 0.31)	$\times 10^{-4}$		781
$\Lambda K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$		$<$ 5	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	637
$\Sigma^0 K^+$		(3.70$\pm$ 0.31)	$\times 10^{-4}$		735
$\Sigma^+ K^0_S$		(4.7 $\pm$ 1.4)	$\times 10^{-4}$		736
$\Sigma^0 K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$		$<$ 2.5	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	574
$\Sigma^+ K^+ \pi^-$		(2.00$\pm$ 0.26)	$\times 10^{-3}$		670
$\Sigma^+ K^*(892)^0$	[q]	(3.5 $\pm$ 1.0)	$\times 10^{-3}$		470
$\Sigma^+ K^+ \pi^- \pi^0$		$<$ 1.1	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	581
$\Sigma^- K^+ \pi^+$		$<$ 1.2	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	664

Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes

$p K^+ \pi^-$		(1.11$\pm$ 0.17)	$\times 10^{-4}$		823

Semileptonic modes

$\Lambda e^+ \nu_e$		(3.56$\pm$ 0.13) %			871
$\Lambda \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$		$<$ 3.9	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	843
$p K^- e^+ \nu_e$		(8.8 $\pm$ 1.8)	$\times 10^{-4}$		874
$p K^0_S \pi^- e^+ \nu_e$		$<$ 3.3	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	821
$\Lambda(1520) e^+ \nu_e$		(1.0 $\pm$ 0.5)	$\times 10^{-3}$		639
$\Lambda(1405)^0 e^+ \nu_e$, $\Lambda^0 \to p K^-$		(4.2 $\pm$ 1.9)	$\times 10^{-4}$		–
$\Lambda \mu^+ \nu_\mu$		(3.48$\pm$ 0.17) %			867

Inclusive modes

e^+ anything		(4.06$\pm$ 0.13) %			–
p anything		(50 $\pm$16) %			–
n anything		(32.6 $\pm$ 1.6) %			–
Λ anything		(38.2 $^{+2.9}_{-2.4}$) %			–
K^0_S anything		(9.9 $\pm$ 0.7) %			–
3prongs		(24 $\pm$ 8) %			–

$\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current ($C1$) modes, or Lepton Family number (LF), or Lepton number (L), or Baryon number (B) violating modes

$p e^+ e^-$	$C1$	$<$ 5.5	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	951
$p \mu^+ \mu^-$ non-resonant	$C1$	$<$ 7.7	$\times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	937
$p e^+ \mu^-$	LF	$<$ 9.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	947
$p e^- \mu^+$	LF	$<$ 1.9	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	947

$\overline{p}2e^+$	L,B	$<$	2.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	951
$\overline{p}2\mu^+$	L,B	$<$	9.4	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	937
$\overline{p}e^+\mu^+$	L,B	$<$	1.6	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	947
$\Sigma^-\mu^+\mu^+$	L	$<$	7.0	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	812
Radiative modes						
$\Sigma^+\gamma$		$<$	2.5	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%	834
Exotic modes						
$p\gamma_D$		[r] $<$	8.0	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	–

$\Lambda_c(2595)^+$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^-)$

The spin-parity follows from the fact that $\Sigma_c(2455)\pi$ decays, with little available phase space, are dominant. This assumes that $J^P = 1/2^+$ for the $\Sigma_c(2455)$.

Mass $m = 2592.25 \pm 0.28$ MeV
$m - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 305.79 \pm 0.24$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 2.6 \pm 0.6$ MeV

$\Lambda_c^+\pi\pi$ and its submode $\Sigma_c(2455)\pi$ — the latter just barely — are the only strong decays allowed to an excited Λ_c^+ having this mass; and the submode seems to dominate.

$\Lambda_c(2595)^+$ DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-$	[s]	—	117
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}\pi^-$		24 ± 7 %	3
$\Sigma_c(2455)^0\pi^+$		24 ± 7 %	3
$\Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-$ 3-body		18 ± 10 %	117
$\Lambda_c^+\pi^0$	[t]	not seen	258
$\Lambda_c^+\gamma$		not seen	288

$\Lambda_c(2625)^+$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^-)$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{3}{2}^-$ is the quark-model prediction.

Mass $m = 2628.00 \pm 0.15$ MeV
$m - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 341.54 \pm 0.05$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma < 0.52$ MeV, CL = 90%

$\Lambda_c^+ \pi\pi$ and its submode $\Sigma(2455)\pi$ are the only strong decays allowed to an excited Λ_c^+ having this mass.

$\Lambda_c(2625)^+$ DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	[u]	66.67 %		184
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++} \pi^-$		(3.42±0.27) %		103
$\Sigma_c(2455)^0 \pi^+$		(3.46±0.31) %		103
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ 3-body		large		184
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0$	[t]	< 60 %	90%	293
$\Lambda_c^+ \gamma$		< 35 %	90%	319

$\Lambda_c(2860)^+$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

Mass $m = 2856.1^{+2.3}_{-6.0}$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 68^{+12}_{-22}$ MeV

$\Lambda_c(2860)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$D^0 p$	seen	259

$\Lambda_c(2880)^+$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{5}{2}^+)$

Mass $m = 2881.63 \pm 0.24$ MeV
$m - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 595.17 \pm 0.28$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 5.6^{+0.8}_{-0.6}$ MeV

$\Lambda_c(2880)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	471
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{0,++} \pi^\pm$	seen	376
$\Sigma_c(2520)^{0,++} \pi^\pm$	seen	317
$p D^0$	seen	316

$\Lambda_c(2940)^+$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^-)$

$J^P = 3/2^-$ is favored, but is not certain

Mass $m = 2939.6^{+1.3}_{-1.5}$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 20^{+6}_{-5}$ MeV

$\Lambda_c(2940)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$p D^0$	seen	420
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{0,++}\pi^{\pm}$	seen	–

$\Sigma_c(2455)$

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}$ mass $m = 2453.97 \pm 0.14$ MeV
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{+}$ mass $m = 2452.65^{+0.22}_{-0.16}$ MeV
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{0}$ mass $m = 2453.75 \pm 0.14$ MeV
$m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 167.510 \pm 0.017$ MeV
$m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^{+}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 166.19^{+0.16}_{-0.08}$ MeV
$m_{\Sigma^0_{c2455}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 167.290 \pm 0.017$ MeV
$m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}} - m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^0} = 0.220 \pm 0.013$ MeV
$m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^{+}} - m_{\Sigma_c(2455)^0} = -1.10^{+0.16}_{-0.08}$ MeV
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}$ full width $\Gamma = 1.89^{+0.09}_{-0.18}$ MeV (S = 1.1)
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{+}$ full width $\Gamma = 2.3 \pm 0.4$ MeV
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{0}$ full width $\Gamma = 1.83^{+0.11}_{-0.19}$ MeV (S = 1.2)

$\Lambda_c^+\pi$ is the only strong decay allowed to a Σ_c having this mass.

$\Sigma_c(2455)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+\pi$	≈ 100 %	94

$\Sigma_c(2520)$

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{3}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.

$\Sigma_c(2520)^{++}$ mass $m = 2518.41 \pm 0.22$ MeV (S = 1.3)
$\Sigma_c(2520)^{+}$ mass $m = 2517.4^{+0.7}_{-0.5}$ MeV
$\Sigma_c(2520)^{0}$ mass $m = 2518.48 \pm 0.21$ MeV (S = 1.2)
$m_{\Sigma_c(2520)^{++}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 231.95 \pm 0.18$ MeV (S = 1.8)
$m_{\Sigma_c(2520)^{+}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 230.9^{+0.7}_{-0.5}$ MeV
$m_{\Sigma_c(2520)^{0}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 232.02 \pm 0.15$ MeV (S = 1.4)
$m_{\Sigma_c(2520)^{++}} - m_{\Sigma_c(2520)^0} = 0.01 \pm 0.15$ MeV
$\Sigma_c(2520)^{++}$ full width $\Gamma = 14.78^{+0.30}_{-0.40}$ MeV
$\Sigma_c(2520)^{+}$ full width $\Gamma = 17.2^{+4.0}_{-2.2}$ MeV
$\Sigma_c(2520)^{0}$ full width $\Gamma = 15.3^{+0.4}_{-0.5}$ MeV

$\Lambda_c^+ \pi$ is the only strong decay allowed to a Σ_c having this mass.

Σ_c(2520) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi$	≈ 100 %	179

$\Sigma_c(2800)$

$I(J^P) = 1(?^?)$

$\Sigma_c(2800)^{++}$ mass $m = 2801^{+4}_{-6}$ MeV
$\Sigma_c(2800)^{+}$ mass $m = 2792^{+14}_{-\ 5}$ MeV
$\Sigma_c(2800)^{0}$ mass $m = 2806^{+5}_{-7}$ MeV (S = 1.3)
$m_{\Sigma_c(2800)^{++}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 514^{+4}_{-6}$ MeV
$m_{\Sigma_c(2800)^{+}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 505^{+14}_{-\ 5}$ MeV
$m_{\Sigma_c(2800)^{0}} - m_{\Lambda_c^+} = 519^{+5}_{-7}$ MeV (S = 1.3)
$\Sigma_c(2800)^{++}$ full width $\Gamma = 75^{+22}_{-17}$ MeV
$\Sigma_c(2800)^{+}$ full width $\Gamma = 60^{+60}_{-40}$ MeV
$\Sigma_c(2800)^{0}$ full width $\Gamma = 72^{+22}_{-15}$ MeV

Σ_c(2800) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi$	seen	443

Ξ_c^+

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{1}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.

Mass $m = 2467.71 \pm 0.23$ MeV (S = 1.3)
Mean life $\tau = (453 \pm 5) \times 10^{-15}$ s
$c\tau = 135.8\ \mu$m

Branching fractions marked with a footnote, e.g. [a], have been corrected for decay modes not observed in the experiments. For example, the submode fraction $\Xi_c^+ \to \Sigma^+ \overline{K}^*(892)^0$ seen in $\Xi_c^+ \to \Sigma^+ K^- \pi^+$ has been multiplied up to include $\overline{K}^*(892)^0 \to \overline{K}^0 \pi^0$ decays.

Ξ_c^+ DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
Cabibbo-favored ($S = -2$) decays				
$p 2K_S^0$		$(2.5\pm1.3) \times 10^{-3}$		766
$\Lambda \overline{K}^0 \pi^+$		—		852
$\Sigma(1385)^+ \overline{K}^0$	[q]	(2.9 ± 2.0) %		746

$\Lambda K^- 2\pi^+$		$(9 \pm 4) \times 10^{-3}$		787
$\Lambda \overline{K}^*(892)^0 \pi^+$	[q]	$< 5 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	608
$\Sigma(1385)^+ K^- \pi^+$	[q]	$< 6 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	678
$\Sigma^+ K^- \pi^+$		(2.7 ± 1.2) %		810
$\Sigma^+ \overline{K}^*(892)^0$	[q]	(2.3 ± 1.1) %		658
$\Sigma^0 K^- 2\pi^+$		$(8 \pm 5) \times 10^{-3}$		735
$\Xi^0 \pi^+$		(1.6 ± 0.8) %		876
$\Xi^- 2\pi^+$		(2.9 ± 1.3) %		851
$\Xi(1530)^0 \pi^+$	[q]	$< 2.9 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	749
$\Xi(1620)^0 \pi^+$		seen		–
$\Xi(1690)^0 \pi^+$		seen		644
$\Xi^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$		(6.7 ± 3.5) %		856
$\Xi^0 \pi^- 2\pi^+$		(5.0 ± 2.6) %		818
$\Xi^0 e^+ \nu_e$		(7 ± 4) %		884
$\Omega^- K^+ \pi^+$		$(2.0 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-3}$		399

Cabibbo-suppressed decays

$p K^- \pi^+$		$(6.2 \pm 3.0) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.5	944
$p \overline{K}^*(892)^0$	[q]	$(3.3 \pm 1.7) \times 10^{-3}$		828
$\Sigma^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$		(1.4 ± 0.8) %		922
$\Sigma^- 2\pi^+$		$(5.1 \pm 3.4) \times 10^{-3}$		918
$\Sigma^+ K^+ K^-$		$(4.3 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-3}$		579
$\Sigma^+ \phi$	[q]	$< 3.2 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	549
$\Xi(1690)^0 K^+$, $\Xi^0 \to \Sigma^+ K^-$		$< 1.3 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	501
$p \phi(1020)$		$(1.2 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$		751

Ξ_c^0

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{1}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.

Mass $m = 2470.44 \pm 0.28$ MeV (S = 1.2)

$m_{\Xi_c^0} - m_{\Xi_c^+} = 2.72 \pm 0.23$ MeV (S = 1.1)

Mean life $\tau = (150.4 \pm 2.8) \times 10^{-15}$ s (S = 1.4)

$c\tau = 45.1\ \mu$m

Decay asymmetry parameters

$\Xi^- \pi^+$ $\alpha = -0.64 \pm 0.05$

α FOR $\overline{\Xi}_c^0 \to \overline{\Xi}^+ \pi^- = 0.61 \pm 0.05$

α FOR $\Xi_c^0 \to \Lambda \overline{K}^*(892)^0 = 0.15 \pm 0.22$

α FOR $\Xi_c^0 \to \Sigma^+ K^*(892)^- = -0.52 \pm 0.30$

Ξ_c^0 DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
Cabibbo-favored decays			
$pK^-K^-\pi^+$	$(4.9 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-3}$		676
$pK^-\overline{K}^*(892)^0$, $\overline{K}^{*0} \to K^-\pi^+$	$(2.0 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$		413
$pK^-K^-\pi^+$(no $\overline{K}^{*0}$)	$(3.0 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-3}$		676
ΛK_S^0	$(3.2 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$		906
$\Lambda K^-\pi^+$	(1.45 ± 0.28) %		856
$\Lambda\overline{K}^*(892)^0$	$(2.6 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$		717
$\Lambda\overline{K}^0\pi^+\pi^-$	seen		786
$\Lambda K^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$	seen		703
$\Sigma^0 K_S^0$	$(5.4 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-4}$		864
$\Sigma^+ K^-$	$(1.8 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$		868
$\Sigma^0\overline{K}^*(892)^0$	$(9.9 \pm 1.9) \times 10^{-3}$		658
$\Sigma^+ K^*(892)^-$	$(4.9 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-3}$		661
$\Xi^-\pi^+$	(1.43 ± 0.27) %		875
$\Xi^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$	(4.8 ± 2.3) %		816
$\Xi^0\phi$, $\phi \to K^+K^-$	$(5.2 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-4}$		–
$\Xi^0 K^+K^-$ nonresonant	$(5.6 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-4}$		444
$\Omega^- K^+$	$(4.2 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-3}$		522
$\Xi^- e^+\nu_e$	(1.05 ± 0.20) %		882
$\Xi^-\mu^+\nu_\mu$	(1.01 ± 0.21) %		878
$\Xi^0\gamma$	$< 1.7 \times 10^{-4}$	90%	885
Cabibbo-suppressed decays			
$\Lambda_c^+\pi^-$	$(5.5 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-3}$		115
$\Xi^- K^+$	$(3.9 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-4}$		789
ΛK^+K^-(no ϕ)	$(4.1 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-4}$		648
$\Lambda\phi$	$(4.9 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-4}$		621

$\Xi_c^{\prime +}$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{1}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.

Mass $m = 2578.2 \pm 0.5$ MeV (S = 1.1)

$m_{\Xi_c^{\prime +}} - m_{\Xi_c^+} = 110.5 \pm 0.4$ MeV

$m_{\Xi_c^{\prime +}} - m_{\Xi_c^{\prime 0}} = -0.5 \pm 0.6$ MeV

The $\Xi_c'^{+}$–Ξ_c^{+} mass difference is too small for any strong decay to occur.

$\Xi_c'^{+}$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^{+}\gamma$	seen	108

$\Xi_c'^{0}$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{1}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.

Mass $m = 2578.7 \pm 0.5$ MeV

$m_{\Xi_c'^{0}} - m_{\Xi_c^{0}} = 108.3 \pm 0.4$ MeV

The $\Xi_c'^{0} - \Xi_c^{0}$ mass difference is too small for any strong decay to occur.

$\Xi_c'^{0}$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^{0}\gamma$	seen	106

$\Xi_c(2645)$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{3}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.

$\Xi_c(2645)^+$ mass $m = 2645.10 \pm 0.30$ MeV (S = 1.2)

$\Xi_c(2645)^0$ mass $m = 2646.16 \pm 0.25$ MeV (S = 1.3)

$m_{\Xi_c(2645)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^0} = 174.67 \pm 0.09$ MeV

$m_{\Xi_c(2645)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^+} = 178.45 \pm 0.10$ MeV

$m_{\Xi_c(2645)^+} - m_{\Xi_c(2645)^0} = -1.06 \pm 0.27$ MeV (S = 1.1)

$\Xi_c(2645)^+$ full width $\Gamma = 2.14 \pm 0.19$ MeV (S = 1.1)

$\Xi_c(2645)^0$ full width $\Gamma = 2.35 \pm 0.22$ MeV

$\Xi_c\pi$ is the only strong decay allowed to a Ξ_c resonance having this mass.

$\Xi_c(2645)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^{0}\pi^{+}$	seen	102
$\Xi_c^{+}\pi^{-}$	seen	106

$\Xi_c(2790)$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{1}{2}^-$ is the quark-model prediction.

$\Xi_c(2790)^+$ mass $= 2791.9 \pm 0.5$ MeV
$\Xi_c(2790)^0$ mass $= 2793.9 \pm 0.5$ MeV
$m_{\Xi_c(2790)^+} - m_{\Xi_c'^0} = 213.20 \pm 0.22$ MeV
$m_{\Xi_c(2790)^0} - m_{\Xi_c'^+} = 215.70 \pm 0.22$ MeV
$m_{\Xi_c(2790)^+} - m_{\Xi_c(2790)^0} = -2.0 \pm 0.7$ MeV
$\Xi_c(2790)^+$ width $= 8.9 \pm 1.0$ MeV
$\Xi_c(2790)^0$ width $= 10.0 \pm 1.1$ MeV

Ξ_c(2790) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c'\pi$	seen	159
$\Lambda_c^+ K^-$	seen	98

$\Xi_c(2815)$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{3}{2}^-$ is the quark-model prediction.

$\Xi_c(2815)^+$ mass $m = 2816.51 \pm 0.25$ MeV (S = 1.2)
$\Xi_c(2815)^0$ mass $m = 2819.79 \pm 0.30$ MeV (S = 1.1)
$m_{\Xi_c(2815)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^+} = 348.80 \pm 0.10$ MeV
$m_{\Xi_c(2815)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^0} = 349.35 \pm 0.11$ MeV
$m_{\Xi_c(2815)^+} - m_{\Xi_c(2815)^0} = -3.27 \pm 0.27$ MeV
$\Xi_c(2815)^+$ full width $\Gamma = 2.43 \pm 0.26$ MeV
$\Xi_c(2815)^0$ full width $\Gamma = 2.54 \pm 0.25$ MeV

The $\Xi_c\pi\pi$ modes are consistent with being entirely via $\Xi_c(2645)\pi$.

Ξ_c(2815) DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c'\pi$	seen	188
$\Xi_c(2645)\pi$	seen	102
$\Xi_c^0\gamma$	seen	325

$\Xi_c(2970)$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

was $\Xi_c(2980)$

$\Xi_c(2970)^+$ $m = 2964.3 \pm 1.5$ MeV (S = 3.9)
$\Xi_c(2970)^0$ $m = 2967.1 \pm 1.7$ MeV (S = 6.7)
$m_{\Xi_c(2970)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^+} = 496.6 \pm 1.5$ MeV (S = 3.7)
$m_{\Xi_c(2970)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^0} = 496.7 \pm 1.8$ MeV (S = 5.3)
$m_{\Xi_c(2970)^+} - m_{\Xi_c(2970)^0} = -2.8 \pm 1.9$ MeV (S = 4.8)
$\Xi_c(2970)^+$ width $\Gamma = 20.9^{+2.4}_{-3.5}$ MeV (S = 1.2)

$\Xi_c(2970)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \overline{K} \pi$	seen	223
$\Sigma_c(2455) \overline{K}$	seen	122
$\Lambda_c^+ \overline{K}$	not seen	410
$\Lambda_c^+ K^-$	seen	410
$\Xi_c 2\pi$	seen	381
$\Xi_c' \pi$	seen	–
$\Xi_c(2645) \pi$	seen	274

$\Xi_c(3055)$

$I(J^P) = ?(?^?)$

Mass $m = 3055.9 \pm 0.4$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 7.8 \pm 1.9$ MeV

$\Xi_c(3055)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Sigma^{++} K^-$	seen	–
ΛD^+	seen	316

$\Xi_c(3080)$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(?^?)$

$\Xi_c(3080)^+$ $m = 3077.2 \pm 0.4$ MeV
$\Xi_c(3080)^0$ $m = 3079.9 \pm 1.4$ MeV (S = 1.3)
$\Xi_c(3080)^+$ width $\Gamma = 3.6 \pm 1.1$ MeV (S = 1.5)
$\Xi_c(3080)^0$ width $\Gamma = 5.6 \pm 2.2$ MeV

$\Xi_c(3080)$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ \overline{K} \pi$	seen	415
$\Sigma_c(2455) \overline{K}$	seen	342
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++} K^-$	seen	342

$\Sigma_c(2520)^{++} K^-$	seen	239
$\quad \Sigma_c(2455)\overline{K} + \Sigma_c(2520)\overline{K}$	seen	–
$\Lambda_c^+ \overline{K}$	not seen	536
$\Lambda_c^+ \overline{K} \pi^+ \pi^-$	not seen	144
ΛD^+	seen	362

Ω_c^0

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{1}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.

Mass $m = 2695.2 \pm 1.7$ MeV (S = 1.3)
Mean life $\tau = (273 \pm 12) \times 10^{-15}$ s
$c\tau = 82\ \mu$m

No absolute branching fractions have been measured. The following are branching *ratios* relative to $\Omega^- \pi^+$.

Ω_c^0 DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
Cabibbo-favored ($S = -3$) decays — relative to $\Omega^- \pi^+$			
$\Omega^- \pi^+$	**DEFINED AS 1**		821
$\Omega^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	1.80 ± 0.33		797
$\quad \Omega^- \rho^+$	>1.3	90%	532
$\Omega^- \pi^- 2\pi^+$	0.31 ± 0.05		753
$\Omega^- e^+ \nu_e$	1.98 ± 0.15		829
$\Omega^- \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	1.94 ± 0.21		824
$\Xi^0 \overline{K}^0$	1.64 ± 0.29		950
$\Xi^0 K^- \pi^+$	1.20 ± 0.18		901
$\quad \Xi^0 \overline{K}^{*0}$, $\overline{K}^{*0} \to K^- \pi^+$	0.68 ± 0.16		764
$\quad \Omega(2012)^- \pi^+$, $\Omega(2012)^- \to \Xi^0 K^-$	0.12 ± 0.05		–
$\Xi^- \overline{K}^0 \pi^+$	2.12 ± 0.28		895
$\quad \Omega(2012)^- \pi^+$, $\Omega(2012)^- \to \Xi^- \overline{K}^0$	0.12 ± 0.06		–
$\Xi^- K^- 2\pi^+$	0.63 ± 0.09		830
$\quad \Xi(1530)^0 K^- \pi^+$, $\Xi^{*0} \to \Xi^- \pi^+$	0.21 ± 0.06		757
$\quad \Xi^- \overline{K}^{*0} \pi^+$	0.34 ± 0.11		653
$p K^- K^- \pi^+$	seen		864
$\Sigma^+ K^- K^- \pi^+$	<0.32	90%	689
$\Lambda \overline{K}^0 \overline{K}^0$	1.72 ± 0.35		837
Singly Cabibbo-suppressed modes — relative to $\Omega^- \pi^+$			
$\Xi^- \pi^+$	0.25 ± 0.06		–
$\Omega^- K^+$	<0.29	90%	–

Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes — relative to $\Omega^- \pi^+$

$\Xi^- K^+$	<0.07	90%	–

$\Omega_c(2770)^0$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^+)$

J^P has not been measured; $\frac{3}{2}^+$ is the quark-model prediction.

Mass $m = 2765.9 \pm 2.0$ MeV (S = 1.2)
$m_{\Omega_c(2770)^0} - m_{\Omega_c^0} = 70.7^{+0.8}_{-0.9}$ MeV

The $\Omega_c(2770)^0$–Ω_c^0 mass difference is too small for any strong decay to occur.

$\Omega_c(2770)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Omega_c^0 \gamma$	presumably 100%	70

$\Omega_c(3000)^0$

$I(J^P) = ?(?^?)$

Mass $m = 3000.46 \pm 0.25$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 3.8^{+1.6}_{-0.4}$ MeV

$\Omega_c(3000)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	182

$\Omega_c(3050)^0$

$I(J^P) = ?(?^?)$

Mass $m = 3050.17 \pm 0.19$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma < 1.8$ MeV, CL = 95%

$\Omega_c(3050)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	278

$\Omega_c(3065)^0$

$I(J^P) = ?(?^?)$

Mass $m = 3065.58 \pm 0.21$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 3.4^{+0.7}_{-0.8}$ MeV (S = 1.7)

$\Omega_c(3065)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	303

$\Omega_c(3090)^0$

$I(J^P) = ?(?^?)$

Mass $m = 3090.15 \pm 0.26$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 8.5^{+0.8}_{-1.7}$ MeV

$\Omega_c(3090)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	340

$\Omega_c(3120)^0$

$I(J^P) = ?(?^?)$

Mass $m = 3118.98^{+0.27}_{-0.35}$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma < 2.5$ MeV, CL = 95%

$\Omega_c(3120)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	379

$\Omega_c(3185)^0$

$I(J^P) = ?(?^?)$

Mass $m = 3185^{+7.6}_{-1.9}$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 50^{+12}_{-21}$ MeV

$\Omega_c(3185)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	460

$\Omega_c(3327)^0$

$I(J^P) = ?(?^?)$

Mass $m = 3327.1^{+1.2}_{-1.8}$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 20^{+14}_{-\ 5}$ MeV

$\Omega_c(3327)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_c^+ K^-$	seen	610

DOUBLY CHARMED BARYONS ($C=+2$)

$\Xi_{cc}^{++} = u\,c\,c$, $\Xi_{cc}^{+} = d\,c\,c$, $\Omega_{cc}^{+} = s\,c\,c$

Ξ_{cc}^{++}

$I(J^P) = ?(?^?)$

Mass $m = 3621.6 \pm 0.4$ MeV
Mean life $\tau = (256 \pm 27) \times 10^{-15}$ s

Ξ_{cc}^{++} DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_c^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	**DEFINED AS 1**		880
$\Xi_c^+ \pi^+$, $\Xi_c^+ \to pK^-\pi^+$	0.0022 ± 0.0006		–
$\Xi_c'^+ \pi^+$, $\Xi_c'^+ \to \Xi_c^+ \gamma$, $\Xi_c^+ \to pK^-\pi^+$	0.0031 ± 0.0009		–
$D^+ p K^- \pi^+$	<0.017	90%	562

BOTTOM BARYONS ($B=-1$)

$\Lambda_b^0 = u\,d\,b$, $\Sigma_b^0 = u\,d\,b$, $\Sigma_b^+ = u\,u\,b$, $\Sigma_b^- = d\,d\,b$
$\Xi_b^0 = u\,s\,b$, $\Xi_b^- = d\,s\,b$, $\Omega_b^- = s\,s\,b$

Λ_b^0

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$

$I(J^P)$ not yet measured; $0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$ is the quark model prediction.

Mass $m = 5619.60 \pm 0.17$ MeV
$m_{\Lambda_b^0} - m_{B^0} = 339.2 \pm 1.4$ MeV
$m_{\Lambda_b^0} - m_{B^+} = 339.72 \pm 0.28$ MeV
Mean life $\tau = (1.471 \pm 0.009) \times 10^{-12}$ s
$c\tau = 441.0\ \mu$m
$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \to p\pi^-) = -0.025 \pm 0.029$ (S = 1.2)
$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \to pK^-) = -0.025 \pm 0.022$
$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \to D\,p K^-) = 0.12 \pm 0.09$
$\Delta A_{CP}(pK^-/\pi^-) = 0.014 \pm 0.024$
$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \to p\overline{K}^0 \pi^-) = 0.22 \pm 0.13$

$\Delta A_{CP}(J/\psi p\pi^- / K^-) = (5.7 \pm 2.7) \times 10^{-2}$
$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \to \Lambda K^+ \pi^-) = -0.53 \pm 0.25$
$A_{CP}(\Lambda_b \to \Lambda K^+ K^-) = -0.28 \pm 0.12$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to pK^- \mu^+ \mu^-) = (-4 \pm 5) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to p\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-) = (1.1 \pm 2.6) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to (p\pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-)_{LBM}) = (4 \pm 4) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to pa_1(1260)^-) = (-1 \pm 4) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to N(1520)^0 \rho(770)^0) = (2 \pm 5) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to \Delta(1232)^{++} \pi^- \pi^-) = (0.1 \pm 3.3) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to pK^- \pi^+ \pi^-) = (3.2 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to (pK^- \pi^+ \pi^-)_{LBM}) = (3.5 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to N(1520)^0 K^*(892)^0) = (5.5 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to \Lambda(1520) \rho(770)^0) = (1 \pm 6) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to \Delta(1232)^{++} K^- \pi^-) = (4.4 \pm 2.7) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to pK_1(1410)^-) = (5 \pm 4) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to pK^- K^+ \pi^-) = (-7 \pm 5) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to pK^- K^+ K^-) = (0.2 \pm 1.9) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to \Lambda(1520) \phi(1020)) = (4 \pm 6) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to (pK^-)_{highmass}\, \phi(1020)) = (-0.7 \pm 3.4) \times 10^{-2}$
$\Delta A_{CP}(\Lambda_b^0 \to (pK^- K^+ K^-)_{LBM}) = (2.7 \pm 2.4) \times 10^{-2}$
$\mathrm{A}^{\ell}_{FB}(\mu\mu)$ in $\Lambda_b \to \Lambda \mu^+ \mu^- = -0.39 \pm 0.04$
$\Delta(\mathrm{A}^{\ell}_{FB}(\mu\mu))$ in $\Lambda_b \to \Lambda \mu^+ \mu^- = -0.05 \pm 0.09$
$\mathrm{A}^{h}_{FB}(p\pi)$ in $\Lambda_b \to \Lambda(p\pi) \mu^+ \mu^- = -0.30 \pm 0.05$
$\mathrm{A}^{\ell h}_{FB}$ in $\Lambda_b \to \Lambda \mu^+ \mu^- = 0.25 \pm 0.04$

The branching fractions B(b-baryon $\to \Lambda \ell^- \overline{\nu}_\ell$ anything) and B($\Lambda_b^0 \to \Lambda_c^+ \ell^- \overline{\nu}_\ell$ anything) are not pure measurements because the underlying measured products of these with B($b \to b$-baryon) were used to determine B($b \to b$-baryon), as described in the note "Production and Decay of b-Flavored Hadrons."

For inclusive branching fractions, *e.g.*, $\Lambda_b \to \overline{\Lambda}_c$ anything, the values usually are multiplicities, not branching fractions. They can be greater than one.

Λ_b^0 DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$J/\psi(1S)\Lambda \times$ B($b \to \Lambda_b^0$)	$(5.8 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-5}$		1740
$pD^0\pi^-$	$(6.2 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-4}$		2370
$pD^+\pi^-\pi^-$	$(2.7 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-4}$		2332
$pD^*(2010)^+\pi^-\pi^-$	$(5.2 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-4}$		2277
pD^0K^-	$(4.5 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-5}$		2269
$pJ/\psi\pi^-$	$(2.6 \, {}^{+0.5}_{-0.4}) \times 10^{-5}$		1755
$p\pi^- J/\psi$, $J/\psi \to \mu^+\mu^-$	$(1.6 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-6}$		–

$p J/\psi K^-$		$(3.2\ ^{+0.6}_{-0.5}) \times 10^{-4}$		1589
$p \eta_c(1S) K^-$		$(1.06\pm0.26) \times 10^{-4}$		1670
$P_{c\overline{c}}(4312)^+ K^-$, $P^+_{c\overline{c}} \to p \eta_c(1S)$		$< 2.5 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	–
$P_{c\overline{c}}(4380)^+ K^-$, $P^+_{c\overline{c}} \to p J/\psi$	[v]	$(2.7\ \pm1.4) \times 10^{-5}$		–
$P_c(4450)^+ K^-$, $P_c \to p J/\psi$	[v]	$(1.3\ \pm0.4) \times 10^{-5}$		–
$\chi_{c1}(1P) p K^-$		$(7.6\ ^{+1.5}_{-1.3}) \times 10^{-5}$		1242
$\chi_{c1}(1P) p \pi^-$		$(5.0\ ^{+1.3}_{-1.1}) \times 10^{-6}$		1462
$\chi_{c2}(1P) p K^-$		$(7.7\ ^{+1.6}_{-1.4}) \times 10^{-5}$		1198
$\chi_{c2}(1P) p \pi^-$		$(4.8\ \pm1.9) \times 10^{-6}$		1427
$p J/\psi(1S) \pi^+ \pi^- K^-$		$(6.6\ ^{+1.3}_{-1.1}) \times 10^{-5}$		1410
$p \psi(2S) K^-$		$(6.6\ ^{+1.2}_{-1.0}) \times 10^{-5}$		1063
$\chi_{c1}(3872) p K^-$		$(3.5\ \pm1.3) \times 10^{-5}$		837
$\chi_{c1}(3872) \Lambda(1520)$		$(2.0\ \pm0.9) \times 10^{-5}$		721
$\psi(2S) p \pi^-$		$(7.5\ ^{+1.6}_{-1.4}) \times 10^{-6}$		1320
$p \overline{K}^0 \pi^-$		$(1.3\ \pm0.4) \times 10^{-5}$		2693
$p K^0 K^-$		$< 3.5 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2639
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^-$		$(4.9\ \pm0.4) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.2	2342
$\Lambda_c^+ K^-$		$(3.56\pm0.28) \times 10^{-4}$	S=1.2	2314
$\Lambda_c^+ a_1(1260)^-$		seen		2153
$\Lambda_c^+ D^-$		$(4.6\ \pm0.6) \times 10^{-4}$		1886
$\Lambda_c^+ D_s^-$		(1.10 ± 0.10) %		1833
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^-$		$(7.6\ \pm1.1) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	2323
$\Lambda_c(2595)^+ \pi^-$, $\Lambda_c(2595)^+ \to \Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$		$(3.4\ \pm1.4) \times 10^{-4}$		2210
$\Lambda_c(2625)^+ \pi^-$, $\Lambda_c(2625)^+ \to \Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$		$(3.3\ \pm1.3) \times 10^{-4}$		2193
$\Sigma_c(2455)^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$, $\Sigma_c^0 \to \Lambda_c^+ \pi^-$		$(5.7\ \pm2.2) \times 10^{-4}$		2265
$\Sigma_c(2455)^{++} \pi^- \pi^-$, $\Sigma_c^{++} \to \Lambda_c^+ \pi^+$		$(3.2\ \pm1.5) \times 10^{-4}$		2265
$\Lambda_c^+ K^+ K^- \pi^-$		$(1.02\pm0.11) \times 10^{-3}$		2184
$\Lambda_c^+ p \overline{p} \pi^-$		$(2.63\pm0.27) \times 10^{-4}$		1805
$\Sigma_c(2455)^0 p \overline{p}$, $\Sigma_c^0 \to \Lambda_c^+ \pi^-$		$(2.3\ \pm0.5) \times 10^{-5}$		–

$\Sigma_c(2520)^0 p\overline{p}$, $\Sigma_c(2520)^0 \to \Lambda_c^+ \pi^-$		$(\ 3.1\ \pm 0.7\ ) \times 10^{-5}$		–
$\Lambda_c^+ \ell^- \overline{\nu}_\ell$ anything	[x]	$(10.9\ \pm 2.2\ )$ %		–
$\Lambda_c^+ \ell^- \overline{\nu}_\ell$		$(\ 6.2\ {}^{+1.4}_{-1.3}\ )$ %		2345
$\Lambda_c^+ \tau^- \overline{\nu}_\tau$		$(\ 1.9\ \pm 0.5\ )$ %		1933
$\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^- \overline{\nu}_\ell$		$(\ 5.6\ \pm 3.1\ )$ %		2335
$\Lambda_c(2595)^+ \ell^- \overline{\nu}_\ell$		$(\ 7.9\ {}^{+4.0}_{-3.5}\ ) \times 10^{-3}$		2212
$\Lambda_c(2625)^+ \ell^- \overline{\nu}_\ell$		$(\ 1.3\ {}^{+0.6}_{-0.5}\ )$ %		2195
$p h^-$	[y]	$< 2.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%	2730
$p \pi^-$		$(\ 4.6\ \pm 0.8\ ) \times 10^{-6}$		2730
$p K^-$		$(\ 5.5\ \pm 1.0\ ) \times 10^{-6}$		2709
$p D_s^-$		$(\ 1.25 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-5}$		2364
$p \mu^- \overline{\nu}_\mu$		$(\ 4.1\ \pm 1.0\ ) \times 10^{-4}$		2730
$\Lambda \mu^+ \mu^-$		$(\ 1.08 \pm 0.28) \times 10^{-6}$		2695
$p \pi^- \mu^+ \mu^-$		$(\ 6.9\ \pm 2.5\ ) \times 10^{-8}$		2720
$p K^- e^+ e^-$		$(\ 3.1\ \pm 0.6\ ) \times 10^{-7}$		2708
$p K^- \mu^+ \mu^-$		$(\ 2.6\ {}^{+0.5}_{-0.4}\ ) \times 10^{-7}$		2685
$\Lambda \gamma$		$(\ 7.1\ \pm 1.7\ ) \times 10^{-6}$		2699
$\Lambda \eta$		$(\ 9\ {}^{+7}_{-5}\ ) \times 10^{-6}$		2670
$\Lambda \eta'(958)$		$< 3.1 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%	2611
$\Lambda \pi^+ \pi^-$		$(\ 4.6\ \pm 1.9\ ) \times 10^{-6}$		2692
$\Lambda K^+ \pi^-$		$(\ 5.6\ \pm 1.2\ ) \times 10^{-6}$		2660
$\Lambda K^+ K^-$		$(\ 1.60 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-5}$		2605
$\Lambda \phi$		$(\ 9.8\ \pm 2.6\ ) \times 10^{-6}$		2599
$p \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$		$(\ 2.08 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-5}$		2715
$p K^- K^+ \pi^-$		$(\ 4.0\ \pm 0.6\ ) \times 10^{-6}$		2612
$p K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$		$(\ 5.0\ \pm 0.5\ ) \times 10^{-5}$		2675
$p K^- K^+ K^-$		$(\ 1.25 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-5}$		2524

$\boldsymbol{\Lambda_b(5912)^0}$

$J^P = \frac{1}{2}^-$

Mass $m = 5912.19 \pm 0.17$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma < 0.25$ MeV, CL = 90%

$\Lambda_b(5912)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	86

$\Lambda_b(5920)^0$

$J^P = \frac{3}{2}^-$

Mass $m = 5920.09 \pm 0.17$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma < 0.19$ MeV, CL = 90%

$\Lambda_b(5920)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	108

$\Lambda_b(6070)^0$

$J^P = \frac{1}{2}^+$

Quantum numbers based on quark model expectations.

Mass $m = 6072.3 \pm 2.9$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 72 \pm 11$ MeV

$\Lambda_b(6070)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	343

$\Lambda_b(6146)^0$

$J^P = \frac{3}{2}^+$

Mass $m = 6146.2 \pm 0.4$ MeV
$m_{\Lambda_b(6146)^0} - m_{\Lambda_b^0} = 526.55 \pm 0.34$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 2.9 \pm 1.3$ MeV

$\Lambda_b(6146)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	427

$\Lambda_b(6152)^0$

$J^P = \frac{5}{2}^+$

Mass $m = 6152.5 \pm 0.4$ MeV
$m_{\Lambda_b(6152)^0} - m_{\Lambda_b^0} = 532.89 \pm 0.28$ MeV
$m_{\Lambda_b(6152)^0} - m_{\Lambda_b(6146)^0} = 6.34 \pm 0.32$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 2.1 \pm 0.9$ MeV

$\Lambda_b(6152)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	434

Σ_b

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{1}{2}^+)$
I, J, P need confirmation.

Mass $m(\Sigma_b^+) = 5810.56 \pm 0.25$ MeV
Mass $m(\Sigma_b^-) = 5815.64 \pm 0.27$ MeV
$m_{\Sigma_b^+} - m_{\Sigma_b^-} = -5.06 \pm 0.18$ MeV
$\Gamma(\Sigma_b^+) = 5.0 \pm 0.5$ MeV
$\Gamma(\Sigma_b^-) = 5.3 \pm 0.5$ MeV

Σ_b DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi$	dominant	133

Σ_b^*

$I(J^P) = 1(\frac{3}{2}^+)$
I, J, P need confirmation.

Mass $m(\Sigma_b^{*+}) = 5830.32 \pm 0.27$ MeV
Mass $m(\Sigma_b^{*-}) = 5834.74 \pm 0.30$ MeV
$m_{\Sigma_b^{*+}} - m_{\Sigma_b^{*-}} = -4.37 \pm 0.33$ MeV (S = 1.6)
$m_{\Sigma_b^{*+}} - m_{\Sigma_b^+} = 19.73 \pm 0.18$
$m_{\Sigma_b^{*-}} - m_{\Sigma_b^-} = 19.09 \pm 0.22$
$\Gamma(\Sigma_b^{*+}) = 9.4 \pm 0.5$ MeV
$\Gamma(\Sigma_b^{*-}) = 10.4 \pm 0.8$ MeV (S = 1.3)
$m_{\Sigma_b^*} - m_{\Sigma_b} = 21.2 \pm 2.0$ MeV

Σ_b^* DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi$	dominant	159

$\Sigma_b(6097)^+$

$J^P = ?^?$

Mass $m = 6095.8 \pm 1.7$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 31 \pm 6$ MeV

$\Sigma_b(6097)^+$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b \pi^+ \times$ B($b \to \Sigma_b(6097)^+$)	seen	–

$\Sigma_b(6097)^-$

$J^P = ?^?$

Mass $m = 6098.0 \pm 1.8$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 29 \pm 4$ MeV

$\Sigma_b(6097)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b \pi^- \times$ B($b \to \Sigma_b(6097)^-$)	seen	–

Ξ_b^-

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$
I, J, P need confirmation.

$m(\Xi_b^-) = 5797.0 \pm 0.6$ MeV (S = 1.7)
$m_{\Xi_b^-} - m_{\Lambda_b^0} = 177.46 \pm 0.31$ MeV (S = 1.3)
$m_{\Xi_b^-} - m_{\Xi_b^0} = 5.9 \pm 0.6$ MeV
Mean life $\tau_{\Xi_b^-} = (1.572 \pm 0.040) \times 10^{-12}$ s

Ξ_b^- DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$J/\psi \Xi^- \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b^-$)	$(1.02^{+0.26}_{-0.21}) \times 10^{-5}$		1782
$J/\psi \Lambda K^- \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b^-$)	$(2.5 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-6}$		1631
$p K^- K^- \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b^-$)	$(3.7 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-8}$		2731
$p K^- K^-$	seen		2731
$p K^- \pi^-$	seen		2783
$\Lambda_b^0 \pi^- \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b^-$)/B($b \to \Lambda_b^0$)	$(7.0 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-4}$		99
$\Xi_c^0 \pi^-$	seen		2367
$\Sigma(1385) K^-$	$(2.6 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-7}$		2707
$\Lambda(1405) K^-$	$(1.9 \pm 1.2) \times 10^{-7}$		2702
$\Lambda(1520) K^-$	$(7.6 \pm 3.2) \times 10^{-7}$		2673
$\Lambda(1670) K^-$	$(4.5 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-7}$		2629
$\Sigma(1775) K^-$	$(2.2 \pm 1.5) \times 10^{-7}$		2599
$\Sigma(1915) K^-$	$(2.6 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-7}$		2553
$\Xi^- \gamma$	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-4}$	95%	–

Ξ_b^0

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$
I, J, P need confirmation.

$m(\Xi_b^0) = 5791.9 \pm 0.5$ MeV
$m_{\Xi_b^0} - m_{\Lambda_b^0} = 172.5 \pm 0.4$ MeV
Mean life $\tau_{\Xi_b^0} = (1.480 \pm 0.030) \times 10^{-12}$ s

Ξ_b^0 DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$p D^0 K^- \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b^0$)	$(1.7 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-6}$		2374
$p \overline{K}^0 \pi^- \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b^0$)/B($\overline{b} \to B^0$)	$< 1.6 \times 10^{-6}$	90%	2783

$p K^0 K^- \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b^0$)/B($\overline{b} \to B^0$)	<1.1	$\times 10^{-6}$	90%	2730
$\Lambda \pi^+ \pi^- \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b^0$)/B($b \to \Lambda_b^0$)	<1.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	90%	2781
$\Lambda K^- \pi^+ \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b^0$)/B($b \to \Lambda_b^0$)	<8	$\times 10^{-7}$	90%	2751
$\Lambda K^+ K^- \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b^0$)/B($b \to \Lambda_b^0$)	<3	$\times 10^{-7}$	90%	2698
$J/\psi \Lambda$	seen			1868
$J/\psi \Xi^0$	seen			1785
$\Lambda_c^+ K^- \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b^0$)	$(6 \pm 4) \times 10^{-7}$			2416
$p K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b^0$)/B($b \to \Lambda_b^0$)	$(1.9 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-6}$			2766
$p K^- K^- \pi^+ \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b^0$)/B($b \to \Lambda_b^0$)	$(1.70 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-6}$			2704
$p K^- K^+ K^- \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b^0$)/B($b \to \Lambda_b^0$)	$(1.7 \pm 0.9) \times 10^{-7}$			2620

$\Xi_b'(5935)^-$

$J^P = \frac{1}{2}^+$

Mass $m = 5935.1 \pm 0.5$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 0.03 \pm 0.032$ MeV

$\Xi_b'(5935)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 \pi^- \times$ B($\overline{b} \to \Xi_b'(5935)^-$)/B($\overline{b} \to \Xi_b^0$)	(11.8 ± 1.8) %	31

$\Xi_b(5945)^0$

$J^P = \frac{3}{2}^+$

Mass $m = 5952.3 \pm 0.6$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 0.87 \pm 0.08$ MeV

$\Xi_b(5945)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^- \pi^+$	seen	78

$\Xi_b(5955)^-$

$J^P = \frac{3}{2}^+$

Mass $m = 5955.7 \pm 0.5$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 1.43 \pm 0.11$ MeV

$\Xi_b(5955)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 \pi^- \times$ B($\overline{b} \to \Xi_b^*(5955)^-$)/B($\overline{b} \to \Xi_b^0$)	(20.7±3.5) %	84

$\Xi_b(6087)^0$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$
J, P need confirmation.

Mass $m = 6087.2 \pm 0.5$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 2.4 \pm 0.5$ MeV

$\Xi_b(6087)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	–

$\Xi_b(6095)^0$

$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$
J, P need confirmation.

Mass $m = 6095.3 \pm 0.5$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 0.50 \pm 0.35$ MeV

$\Xi_b(6095)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	–

$\Xi_b(6100)^-$

$J^P = \frac{3}{2}^-$
J, P need confirmation.

Mass $m = 6099.8 \pm 0.6$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 0.94 \pm 0.31$ MeV

$\Xi_b(6100)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen	128

$\Xi_b(6227)^-$

$J^P = ?^?$

Mass $m = 6227.9 \pm 0.9$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 19.9 \pm 2.6$ MeV

$\Xi_b(6227)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 K^- \times$ B($b \to \Xi_b(6227)$)/B($b \to \Lambda_b^0$)	$(3.20\pm0.35) \times 10^{-3}$		336

$\Xi_b^0 \pi^- \times$ B($b \to$ $\Xi_b(6227)$)/B($b \to$ Ξ_b^0)	(2.8 $\pm$1.1) %	1.8	398

$\Xi_b(6227)^0$

$J^P = ?^?$

Mass $m = 6226.8 \pm 1.6$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 19^{+5}_{-4}$ MeV

$\Xi_b(6227)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^- \pi^+ \times$ B($b \to$ $\Xi_b(6227)^0$)/B($b \to$ Ξ_b^-)	(4.5$\pm$0.9) %	398

$\Xi_b(6327)^0$

$J^P = ?^?$

Mass $m = 6327.28 \pm 0.35$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma < 2.56$ MeV, CL = 95%

$\Xi_b(6327)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 K^- \pi^+$	seen	298

$\Xi_b(6333)^0$

$J^P = ?^?$

Mass $m = 6332.69 \pm 0.28$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma < 1.92$ MeV, CL = 95%

$\Xi_b(6333)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Lambda_b^0 K^- \pi^+$	seen	309

Ω_b^-

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$
I, J, P need confirmation.

Mass $m = 6045.8 \pm 0.8$ MeV
$m_{\Omega_b^-} - m_{\Lambda_b^0} = 426.4 \pm 2.2$ MeV
$m_{\Omega_b^-} - m_{\Xi_b^-} = 248.5 \pm 0.6$ MeV
Mean life $\tau = (1.64^{+0.18}_{-0.17}) \times 10^{-12}$ s
$\tau(\Omega_b^-)/\tau(\Xi_b^-)$ mean life ratio = 1.11 ± 0.16

Ω_b^- DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$J/\psi\,\Omega^- \times \mathrm{B}(b \to \Omega_b)$	$(1.4^{+0.5}_{-0.4}) \times 10^{-6}$	S=1.6	1805
$p K^- K^- \times \mathrm{B}(\overline{b} \to \Omega_b)$	$< 2.3 \times 10^{-9}$	CL=90%	2865
$p \pi^- \pi^- \times \mathrm{B}(\overline{b} \to \Omega_b)$	$< 1.5 \times 10^{-8}$	CL=90%	2943
$p K^- \pi^- \times \mathrm{B}(\overline{b} \to \Omega_b)$	$< 7 \times 10^{-9}$	CL=90%	2915
$\Omega_c^0 \pi^-$	seen		2420
$\Omega_c^0 \pi^-,\ \Omega_c^0 \to p K^- K^- \pi^+$	seen		–
$\Xi_c^+ K^- \pi^-$	seen		2473

$\Omega_b(6316)^-$

$I(J^P) = ?(?^?)$
I, J, P need confirmation.

Mass $m = 6315.6 \pm 0.6$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma < 4.2$ MeV, CL = 95%

$\Omega_b(6316)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 K^-$	seen	168

$\Omega_b(6330)^-$

$I(J^P) = ?(?^?)$
I, J, P need confirmation.

Mass $m = 6330.3 \pm 0.6$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma < 4.7$ MeV, CL = 95%

$\Omega_b(6330)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 K^-$	seen	206

$\Omega_b(6340)^-$

$I(J^P) = ?(?^?)$
I, J, P need confirmation.

Mass $m = 6339.7 \pm 0.6$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma < 1.8$ MeV, CL = 95%

$\Omega_b(6340)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 K^-$	seen	227

$\Omega_b(6350)^-$

$I(J^P) = ?(?^?)$
I, J, P need confirmation.

Mass $m = 6349.8 \pm 0.6$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma < 3.2$ MeV, CL = 95%

$\Omega_b(6350)^-$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$\Xi_b^0 K^-$	seen	248

b-baryon ADMIXTURE (Λ_b, Ξ_b, Ω_b)

These branching fractions are actually an average over weakly decaying b-baryons weighted by their production rates at the LHC, LEP, and Tevatron, branching ratios, and detection efficiencies. They scale with the b-baryon production fraction B($b \to b$-baryon).

The branching fractions B(b-baryon $\to \Lambda \ell^- \overline{\nu}_\ell$ anything) and B($\Lambda_b^0 \to \Lambda_c^+ \ell^- \overline{\nu}_\ell$ anything) are not pure measurements because the underlying measured products of these with B($b \to b$-baryon) were used to determine B($b \to b$-baryon), as described in the note "Production and Decay of b-Flavored Hadrons."

For inclusive branching fractions, *e.g.*, $B \to D^\pm$ anything, the values usually are multiplicities, not branching fractions. They can be greater than one.

b-baryon ADMIXTURE DECAY MODES (Λ_b,Ξ_b,Ω_b)	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor	p (MeV/c)
$p\mu^-\overline{\nu}$ anything	$(5.8^{+2.3}_{-2.0})$ %		–
$p\ell\overline{\nu}_\ell$ anything	(5.6 ± 1.2) %		–
p anything	(70 ± 22) %		–
$\Lambda\ell^-\overline{\nu}_\ell$ anything	(3.8 ± 0.6) %		–
$\Lambda\ell^+\nu_\ell$ anything	(3.2 ± 0.8) %		–
Λ anything	(39 ± 7) %		–
$\Xi^-\ell^-\overline{\nu}_\ell$ anything	$(4.6 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$	1.2	–

EXOTIC BARYONS

$P_{c\overline{c}s}(4338)^0$

$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^-)$

Mass $m = 4338.2 \pm 0.8$ MeV
Full width $\Gamma = 7.0 \pm 1.8$ MeV

$P_{c\overline{c}s}(4338)^0$ DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	p (MeV/c)
$J/\psi\Lambda$	seen	–

NOTES

[*a*] The masses of the p and n are most precisely known in u (unified atomic mass units). The conversion factor to MeV, 1 u = 931.494061(21) MeV, is less well known than are the masses in u.

[*b*] The $\left|m_p - m_{\overline{p}}\right|/m_p$ and $\left|q_p + q_{\overline{p}}\right|/e$ are not independent, and both use the more precise measurement of $\left|q_{\overline{p}}/m_{\overline{p}}\right|/(q_p/m_p)$.

[*c*] The limit is from neutrality-of-matter experiments; it assumes $q_n = q_p + q_e$. See also the charge of the neutron.

[*d*] The μp and $e p$ values for the charge radius are much too different to average them. The disagreement is not yet understood.

[*e*] There is a lot of disagreement about the value of the proton magnetic charge radius. See the Listings.

[*f*] There is some controversy about whether nuclear physics and model dependence complicate the analysis for bound neutrons (from which the best limit comes). The first limit here is from reactor experiments with free neutrons.

[*g*] Lee and Yang in 1956 proposed the existence of a mirror world in an attempt to restore global parity symmetry—thus a search for oscillations between the two worlds. Oscillations between the worlds would be maximal when the magnetic fields B and B' were equal. The limit for any B' in the range 0 to 12.5 μT is $>$12 s (95% CL).

[*h*] The parameters g_A, g_V, and g_{WM} for semileptonic modes are defined by $\overline{B}_f[\gamma_\lambda(g_V + g_A\gamma_5) + i(g_{WM}/m_{B_i})\, \sigma_{\lambda\nu}\, q^\nu]B_i$, and ϕ_{AV} is defined by $g_A/g_V = \left|g_A/g_V\right|e^{i\phi_{AV}}$. See the "Note on Baryon Decay Parameters" in the neutron Particle Listings.

[*i*] Time-reversal invariance requires this to be 0° or 180°.

[*j*] This coefficient is zero if time invariance is not violated.

[*k*] This limit is for γ energies between 0.4 and 782 keV.

[*l*] The decay parameters γ and Δ are calculated from α and ϕ using

$$\gamma = \sqrt{1-\alpha^2}\,\cos\phi\,, \qquad \tan\Delta = -\frac{1}{\alpha}\,\sqrt{1-\alpha^2}\,\sin\phi\,.$$

See the "Note on Baryon Decay Parameters" in the neutron Particle Listings.

[*n*] See the Listings for the pion momentum range used in this measurement.

[*o*] Our estimate. See the Particle Listings for details.

[*p*] A theoretical value using QED.

[*q*] This branching fraction includes all the decay modes of the final-state resonance.

[*r*] Here γ_D stands for a dark photon.

[s] See AALTONEN 11H, Fig. 8, for the calculated ratio of $\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$ and $\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ partial widths as a function of the $\Lambda_c(2595)^+ - \Lambda_c^+$ mass difference. At our value of the mass difference, the ratio is about 4.

[t] A test that the isospin is indeed 0, so that the particle is indeed a Λ_c^+.

[u] Assuming isospin conservation, so that the other third is $\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0 \pi^0$.

[v] P_c^+ is a pentaquark-charmonium state.

[x] Not a pure measurement. See note at head of Λ_b^0 Decay Modes.

[y] Here h^- means π^- or K^-.