

**$h_b(2P)$** 

$$I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^-(1^{+-})$$

Quantum numbers are quark model predictions.  $C = -$  established by  $\eta_b\gamma$  decay.

 **$h_b(2P)$  MASS**

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>10259.8 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.1</math></b>	90k	<sup>1</sup> MIZUK 12	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ hadrons
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$10259.8 \pm 0.6^{+1.4}_{-1.0}$	83.9k	<sup>2</sup> ADACHI 12	BELL	$10.86 e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ MM

<sup>1</sup> Observed with 9 standard deviations significance.<sup>2</sup> Superseded by MIZUK 12. **$h_b(2P)$  DECAY MODES**

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level
$\Gamma_1$ hadrons	not seen	
$\Gamma_2$ $\eta_b(1S)\gamma$	$(22 \pm 5)$ %	
$\Gamma_3$ $\eta_b(2S)\gamma$	$(48 \pm 13)$ %	
$\Gamma_4$ $\Upsilon(1S)\eta$	$(7.1^{+4.0}_{-3.3}) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_5$ $\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0$	$< 1.8$	$\times 10^{-3}$ 90%
$\Gamma_6$ $\gamma\chi_{b0}(1P)$	$< 27$	% 90%
$\Gamma_7$ $\gamma\chi_{b1}(1P)$	$< 5.4$	$\times 10^{-3}$ 90%
$\Gamma_8$ $\gamma\chi_{b2}(1P)$	$< 1.3$	% 90%

 **$h_b(2P)$  BRANCHING RATIOS**

$\Gamma(\text{hadrons})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$
VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b>not seen</b>	83.9k	ADACHI 12	BELL	$10.86 e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ MM	

$\Gamma(\eta_b(1S)\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					$\Gamma_2/\Gamma$
VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b><math>22.3 \pm 3.8^{+3.1}_{-3.3}</math></b>	10k	MIZUK 12	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow (\gamma)\pi^+\pi^-$ hadrons	

$\Gamma(\eta_b(2S)\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					$\Gamma_3/\Gamma$
VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b><math>47.5 \pm 10.5^{+6.8}_{-7.7}</math></b>	26k	MIZUK 12	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow (\gamma)\pi^+\pi^-$ hadrons	

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					$\Gamma_4/\Gamma$
VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b><math>7.1^{+3.7}_{-3.2} \pm 0.8</math></b>	3.8	KOVALENKO 24	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(5S)$	

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$			$\Gamma_5/\Gamma$		
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<1.8 \times 10^{-3}$	90	0.1	KOVALENKO 24	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(5S)$

$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b0}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$			$\Gamma_6/\Gamma$		
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>		<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<2.7 \times 10^{-1}$	90		BOSCHETTI 25	BELL	$\Upsilon(10860) \rightarrow h_b(2P)\pi^+\pi^-$

$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$			$\Gamma_7/\Gamma$		
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>		<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<5.4 \times 10^{-3}$	90		BOSCHETTI 25	BELL	$\Upsilon(10860) \rightarrow h_b(2P)\pi^+\pi^-$

$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$			$\Gamma_8/\Gamma$		
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>		<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$<1.3 \times 10^{-2}$	90		BOSCHETTI 25	BELL	$\Upsilon(10860) \rightarrow h_b(2P)\pi^+\pi^-$

### $h_b(2P)$ REFERENCES

BOSCHETTI	25	PR D111 L011102	A. Boschetti <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
KOVALENKO	24	PRL 133 261901	E. Kovalenko <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ADACHI	12	PRL 108 032001	I. Adachi <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
MIZUK	12	PRL 109 232002	R. Mizuk <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)