



$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+) \text{ Status: } ****$$

We have omitted some results that have been superseded by later experiments. See our earlier editions.

Λ MASS

The fit uses Λ , Σ^+ , Σ^0 , Σ^- mass and mass-difference measurements.

<u>VALUE (MeV)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1115.683±0.006 OUR FIT				
1115.683±0.006 OUR AVERAGE				
1115.678±0.006±0.006	20k	HARTOUNI	94	SPEC pp 27.5 GeV/c
1115.690±0.008±0.006	18k	¹ HARTOUNI	94	SPEC pp 27.5 GeV/c
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
1115.59 ±0.08	935	HYMAN	72	HEBC
1115.39 ±0.12	195	MAYEUR	67	EMUL
1115.6 ±0.4		LONDON	66	HBC
1115.65 ±0.07	488	² SCHMIDT	65	HBC
1115.44 ±0.12		³ BHOWMIK	63	RVUE

¹We assume *CPT* invariance: this is the $\bar{\Lambda}$ mass as measured by HARTOUNI 94. See below for the fractional mass difference, testing *CPT*.

²The SCHMIDT 65 masses have been reevaluated using our April 1973 proton and K^\pm and π^\pm masses. P. Schmidt, private communication (1974).

³The mass has been raised 35 keV to take into account a 46 keV increase in the proton mass and an 11 keV decrease in the π^\pm mass (note added Reviews of Modern Physics **39** 1 (1967)).

$$(m_\Lambda - m_{\bar{\Lambda}}) / m_\Lambda$$

A test of *CPT* invariance.

<u>VALUE (units 10⁻⁵)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
– 0.1 ± 1.1 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.6.		
+ 1.3 ± 1.2	31k	¹ RYBICKI	96	NA32 π^- Cu, 230 GeV
– 1.08 ± 0.90		HARTOUNI	94	SPEC pp 27.5 GeV/c
4.5 ± 5.4		CHIEN	66	HBC 6.9 GeV/c $\bar{p}p$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
–26 ±13		BADIER	67	HBC 2.4 GeV/c $\bar{p}p$

¹RYBICKI 96 is an analysis of old ACCMOR (NA32) data.

Λ MEAN LIFE

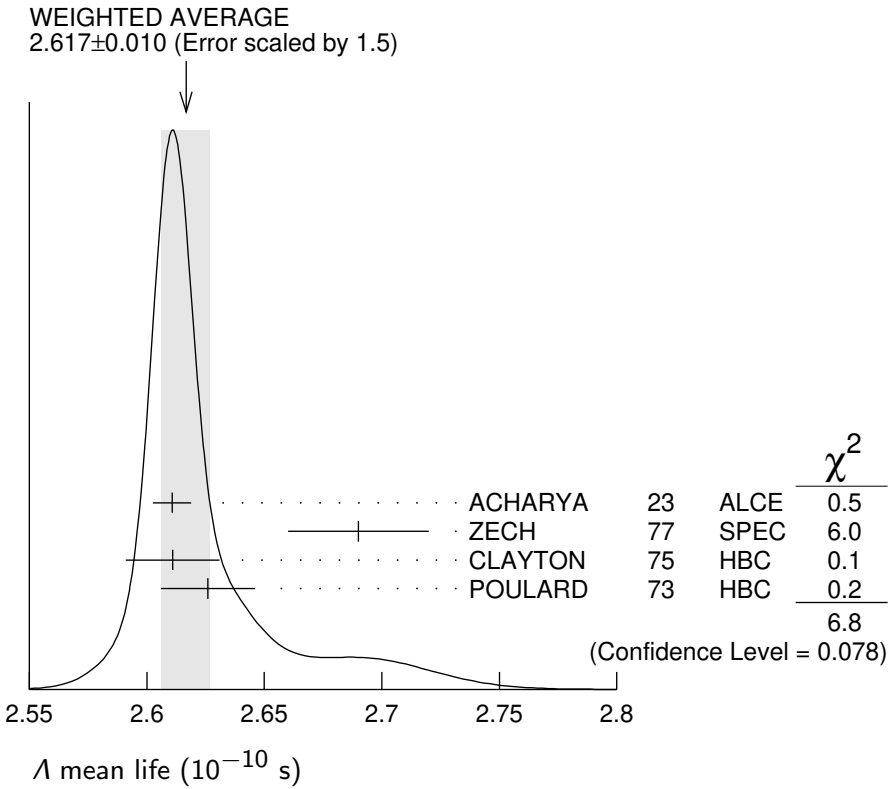
Measurements with an error $\geq 0.1 \times 10^{-10}$ s have been omitted altogether, and only the highest-statistics are used.

<u>VALUE (10⁻¹⁰ s)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
2.617 ±0.010 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.5. See the ideogram below.		
2.6107±0.0037±0.0072	188M	ACHARYA	23	ALCE Pb-Pb → ΛX or $\bar{\Lambda} X$ at 5.02 TeV

2.69 ±0.03	53k	ZECH	77	SPEC	Neutral hyperon beam
2.611 ±0.020	34k	CLAYTON	75	HBC	0.96–1.4 GeV/c $K^- p$
2.626 ±0.020	36k	POULARD	73	HBC	0.4–2.3 GeV/c $K^- p$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

2.69 ±0.05	6582	ALTHOFF	73B	OSPK	$\pi^+ n \rightarrow \Lambda K^+$
2.54 ±0.04	4572	BALTAY	71B	HBC	$K^- p$ at rest
2.535 ±0.035	8342	GRIMM	68	HBC	
2.47 ±0.08	2600	HEPP	68	HBC	
2.35 ±0.09	916	BURAN	66	HLBC	
2.452 ^{+0.056} _{-0.054}	2213	ENGELMANN	66	HBC	
2.59 ±0.09	794	HUBBARD	64	HBC	
2.59 ±0.07	1378	SCHWARTZ	64	HBC	
2.36 ±0.06	2239	BLOCK	63	HEBC	



$$(\tau_\Lambda - \tau_{\bar{\Lambda}}) / \tau_\Lambda$$

A test of *CPT* invariance.

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.9 ± 3.2 OUR AVERAGE				
1.3 ± 2.8 ± 2.1	188M	ACHARYA	23	ALCE Pb-Pb → ΛX or $\bar{\Lambda} X$ at 5.02 TeV
– 1.8 ± 6.6 ± 5.6		BARNES	96	CNTR LEAR $\bar{p} p \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda} \Lambda$
44 ± 85		BADIER	67	HBC 2.4 GeV/c $\bar{p} p$

Λ MAGNETIC MOMENT

See the “Quark Model” review. Measurements with an error $\geq 0.15 \mu_N$ have been omitted.

VALUE (μ_N)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.613 ± 0.004	OUR AVERAGE			
-0.606 ± 0.015	200k	COX	81	SPEC
-0.6138 ± 0.0047	3M	SCHACHIN...	78	SPEC
-0.59 ± 0.07	350k	HELLER	77	SPEC
-0.57 ± 0.05	1.2M	BUNCE	76	SPEC
-0.66 ± 0.07	1300	DAHL-JENSEN71	EMUL	200 kG field

Λ ELECTRIC DIPOLE MOMENT

A nonzero value is forbidden by both T invariance and P invariance.

VALUE (10^{-16} e-cm)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN
< 1.5	95	¹ PONDROM	81 SPEC
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
<100	95	² BARONI	71 EMUL
<500	95	GIBSON	66 EMUL

¹ PONDROM 81 measures $(-3.0 \pm 7.4) \times 10^{-17}$ e-cm.

² BARONI 71 measures $(-5.9 \pm 2.9) \times 10^{-15}$ e-cm.

Λ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level
Γ_1 $p\pi^-$	(64.1 ± 0.5) %	
Γ_2 $n\pi^0$	(35.9 ± 0.5) %	
Γ_3 $n\gamma$	(8.3 ± 0.7) × 10 ⁻⁴	
Γ_4 $p\pi^-\gamma$	[a] (8.5 ± 1.4) × 10 ⁻⁴	
Γ_5 $pe^-\bar{\nu}_e$	(8.34 ± 0.14) × 10 ⁻⁴	
Γ_6 $p\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu$	(1.51 ± 0.19) × 10 ⁻⁴	

Lepton (L) and/or Baryon (B) number violating decay modes

Γ_7 π^+e^-	L, B	< 6	× 10 ⁻⁷	90%
Γ_8 $\pi^+\mu^-$	L, B	< 6	× 10 ⁻⁷	90%
Γ_9 π^-e^+	L, B	< 4	× 10 ⁻⁷	90%
Γ_{10} $\pi^-\mu^+$	L, B	< 6	× 10 ⁻⁷	90%
Γ_{11} K^+e^-	L, B	< 2	× 10 ⁻⁶	90%
Γ_{12} $K^+\mu^-$	L, B	< 3	× 10 ⁻⁶	90%
Γ_{13} K^-e^+	L, B	< 2	× 10 ⁻⁶	90%
Γ_{14} $K^-\mu^+$	L, B	< 3	× 10 ⁻⁶	90%
Γ_{15} $K_S^0\nu$	L, B	< 2	× 10 ⁻⁵	90%
Γ_{16} $\bar{p}\pi^+$	B	< 9	× 10 ⁻⁷	90%
Γ_{17} invisible		< 7.4	× 10 ⁻⁵	90%

[a] See the Listings below for the pion momentum range used in this measurement.

CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to 4 branching ratios uses 11 measurements and one constraint to determine 3 parameters. The overall fit has a $\chi^2 = 6.9$ for 9 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \delta x_j)$, in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions, $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$. The fit constrains the x_i whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

x_2	-100	
x_6	0	0
	x_1	x_2

Λ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(p\pi^-)/\Gamma(N\pi)$ $\Gamma_1/(\Gamma_1+\Gamma_2)$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.641±0.005 OUR FIT				
0.640±0.005 OUR AVERAGE				
0.646±0.008	4572	BALTAY	71B HBC	$K^- p$ at rest
0.635±0.007	6736	DOYLE	69 HBC	$\pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K^0$
0.643±0.016	903	HUMPHREY	62 HBC	
0.624±0.030		CRAWFORD	59B HBC	$\pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K^0$

$\Gamma(n\pi^0)/\Gamma(N\pi)$ $\Gamma_2/(\Gamma_1+\Gamma_2)$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>
0.359±0.005 OUR FIT			
0.310±0.028 OUR AVERAGE			
0.35 ±0.05		BROWN	63 HLBC
0.291±0.034	75	CHRETIEN	63 HLBC

$\Gamma(n\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_3/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10⁻³)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.832±0.038±0.054	1221	¹ ABLIKIM	22AJ BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
1.75 ±0.15	1816	LARSON	93 SPEC	$K^- p$ at rest
1.78 ±0.24 ^{+0.14} / _{-0.16}	287	NOBLE	92 SPEC	See LARSON 93

¹ This ABLIKIM 22AJ value is a factor of 2.1 smaller and differs by 5.6σ from the previous LARSON 93 value.

$\Gamma(n\gamma)/\Gamma(n\pi^0)$ Γ_3/Γ_2

<u>VALUE (units 10⁻³)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
2.86±0.74±0.57	24	BIAGI	86 SPEC	SPS hyperon beam

$\Gamma(p\pi^-\gamma)/\Gamma(p\pi^-)$					Γ_4/Γ_1
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
1.32±0.22	72	BAGGETT	72C	HBC	$\pi^- < 95 \text{ MeV}/c$

$\Gamma(pe^-\bar{\nu}_e)/\Gamma(p\pi^-)$					Γ_5/Γ_1
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-3})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
1.301±0.019 OUR AVERAGE					
1.335±0.056	7111	BOURQUIN	83	SPEC	SPS hyperon beam
1.313±0.024	10k	WISE	80	SPEC	
1.23 ±0.11	544	LINDQUIST	77	SPEC	$\pi^- p \rightarrow K^0 \Lambda$
1.27 ±0.07	1089	KATZ	73	HBC	
1.31 ±0.06	1078	ALTHOFF	71	OSPK	
1.17 ±0.13	86	¹ CANTER	71	HBC	$K^- p$ at rest
1.20 ±0.12	143	² MALONEY	69	HBC	
1.17 ±0.18	120	² BAGLIN	64	FBC	K^- freon 1.45 GeV/c
1.23 ±0.20	150	² ELY	63	FBC	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.32 ±0.15	218	¹ LINDQUIST	71	OSPK	See LINDQUIST 77
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¹ Changed by us from $\Gamma(pe^-\bar{\nu}_e)/\Gamma(N\pi)$ assuming the authors used $\Gamma(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-)/\Gamma(\text{total}) = 2/3$.

² Changed by us from $\Gamma(pe^-\bar{\nu}_e)/\Gamma(N\pi)$ because $\Gamma(pe^-\nu)/\Gamma(p\pi^-)$ is the directly measured quantity.

$\Gamma(p\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_6/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
1.51±0.19 OUR FIT					
1.48±0.21±0.08	64	¹ ABLIKIM	21AG	BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}$

¹ ABLIKIM 21AG use $\bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+$ decay mode as the double tag identifier and thus as indirect normalization.

$\Gamma(p\mu^-\bar{\nu}_\mu)/\Gamma(N\pi)$					$\Gamma_6/(\Gamma_1+\Gamma_2)$
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
1.51±0.19 OUR FIT					
1.57±0.35 OUR AVERAGE					
1.4 ±0.5	14	BAGGETT	72B	HBC	$K^- p$ at rest
2.4 ±0.8	9	CANTER	71B	HBC	$K^- p$ at rest
1.3 ±0.7	3	LIND	64	RVUE	
1.5 ±1.2	2	RONNE	64	FBC	

Lepton (L) and/or Baryon (B) number violating decay modes

$\Gamma(\pi^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_7/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<6 × 10⁻⁷	90	¹ MCCRACKEN	15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$

¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode.

$\Gamma(\pi^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_8/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<6 × 10⁻⁷	90	¹ MCCRACKEN	15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$

¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode.

$\Gamma(\pi^- e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_9/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<4 \times 10^{-7}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$	
¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode.					
$\Gamma(\pi^- \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{10}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<6 \times 10^{-7}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$	
¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode.					
$\Gamma(K^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{11}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$	
¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode.					
$\Gamma(K^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{12}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<3 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$	
¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode.					
$\Gamma(K^- e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{13}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$	
¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode.					
$\Gamma(K^- \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{14}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<3 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$	
¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode.					
$\Gamma(K_S^0 \nu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{15}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<2 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$	
¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode.					
$\Gamma(\bar{p}\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{16}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<9 \times 10^{-7}$	90	¹ MCCRACKEN 15	CLAS	$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda$	
¹ Uses $B(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-) = (63.9 \pm 0.5)\%$ for normalization mode.					
$\Gamma(\text{invisible})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{17}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<7.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	ABLIKIM	22P	BES3 $J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}$	

Λ CP-violating decay-rate asymmetries

This is the difference between Λ and $\bar{\Lambda}$ decay rates to state f and \bar{f} divided by the sum of the rates:

$$A_{CP}(f) = [(B(\Lambda \rightarrow f)) - (B(\bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{f}))]/\text{Sum.}$$

$A_{CP}(p\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu)$ in $\Lambda \rightarrow p\mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu, \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\mu^+ \nu_\mu$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.02 ± 0.14 ± 0.02	ABLIKIM	21AG BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}$

Limit on $\bar{\Lambda}\Lambda$ oscillations

Upper limit for the oscillation rate of ($\bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \Lambda$) hyperons. A test of baryon number nonconservation. We quote the oscillation parameter $\delta m_{\bar{\Lambda}\Lambda}$, deduced from the oscillation rate $P(\Lambda)$ and the hyperon lifetime τ_Λ , as $(\delta m_{\bar{\Lambda}\Lambda})^2 = P(\Lambda) / 2\tau_\Lambda^2$.

VALUE (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 2.1 × 10⁻¹⁸	90	¹ ABLIKIM	25AT BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow (p\pi^-)(\bar{p}\pi^+)$
< 3.8 × 10 ⁻¹⁸	90	² ABLIKIM	23BM BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow pK^- \bar{\Lambda}$

¹ ABLIKIM 25AT quote the oscillation rate limit $P(\Lambda) < 1.4 \times 10^{-6}$ and calculate the oscillation parameter $\delta m_{\bar{\Lambda}\Lambda}$ given here.

² ABLIKIM 23BM quote the oscillation rate limit $P(\Lambda) < 4.4 \times 10^{-6}$ and calculate the oscillation parameter $\delta m_{\bar{\Lambda}\Lambda}$ given here.

Λ DECAY PARAMETERS

See the "Note on Baryon Decay Parameters" in the neutron Listings. Some early results have been omitted.

α_- FOR $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$

OUR FIT value is obtained from measurements of $\alpha(\Xi^-)$, $\alpha_-(\Lambda)$, and $\alpha(\Xi^-)\alpha_-(\Lambda)$.

VALUE	EVTs	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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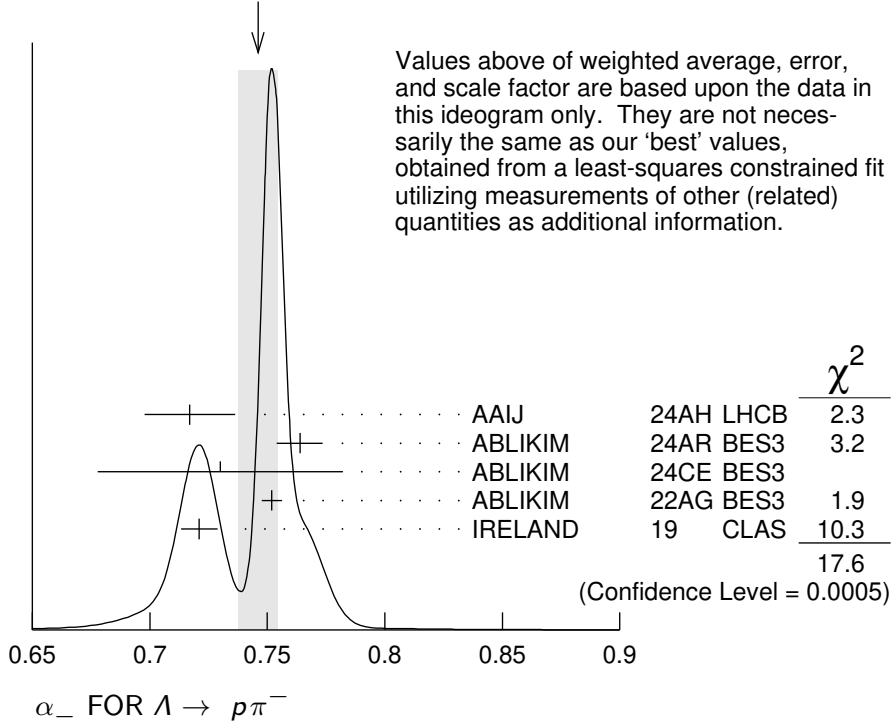
0.748 ± 0.008 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 2.4.

0.746 ± 0.008 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 2.4. See the ideogram below.

0.717 ± 0.017 ± 0.009	27k	AAIJ	24AH LHCb	$\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda_c \rightarrow \Lambda h^+$
0.764 ± 0.008 ^{+0.005} / _{-0.006}	144k	ABLIKIM	24AR BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi \bar{\Xi} \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda} \pi \pi$
0.730 ± 0.051 ± 0.011	1.1M	ABLIKIM	24CE BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Sigma \bar{\Sigma} \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda} \gamma \gamma$
0.7519 ± 0.0036 ± 0.0024	3.2M	ABLIKIM	22AG BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}$
0.721 ± 0.006 ± 0.005		¹ IRELAND	19 CLAS	K production
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.757 ± 0.011 ± 0.008	73k	ABLIKIM	22AD BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi \bar{\Xi} \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda} \pi \pi$
0.74 ^{+0.04} / _{-0.03}		AAIJ	200 LHCb	$\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi \Lambda$
0.750 ± 0.009 ± 0.004	420k	ABLIKIM	19BJ BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda \bar{\Lambda}$
0.584 ± 0.046	8500	ASTBURY	75 SPEC	
0.649 ± 0.023	10325	CLELAND	72 OSPK	
0.67 ± 0.06	3520	DAUBER	69 HBC	From Ξ decay
0.645 ± 0.017	10130	OVERSETH	67 OSPK	Λ from $\pi^- p$
0.62 ± 0.07	1156	CRONIN	63 CNTR	Λ from $\pi^- p$

¹ This is a new analysis based on existing kaon photoproduction data of the CLAS collaboration and using spin algebra constraints.

WEIGHTED AVERAGE
 0.746 ± 0.008 (Error scaled by 2.4)



α_+ FOR $\bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{\rho}\pi^+$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.758 ± 0.005 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		
$-0.748 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.007$	27k	AAIJ	24AH LHCB	$\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda_c \rightarrow \Lambda h^+$
$-0.774 \pm 0.009 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.005 \\ -0.005 \end{smallmatrix}$	123k	ABLIKIM	24AR BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi\Xi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi\pi$
$-0.776 \pm 0.054 \pm 0.010$	1.1M	ABLIKIM	24CE BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Sigma\bar{\Sigma} \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\gamma\gamma$
$-0.7559 \pm 0.0036 \pm 0.0030$	3.2M	ABLIKIM	22AG BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$-0.763 \pm 0.011 \pm 0.007$	73k	ABLIKIM	22AD BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi\Xi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi\pi$
$-0.758 \pm 0.010 \pm 0.007$	420k	ABLIKIM	19BJ BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$
$-0.755 \pm 0.083 \pm 0.063$	8.7k	ABLIKIM	10 BES	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$
-0.63 ± 0.13	770	TIXIER	88 DM2	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$

$\bar{\alpha}_0$ FOR $\bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{n}\pi^0$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.675 ± 0.011 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		
$-0.668 \pm 0.008 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.006 \\ -0.008 \end{smallmatrix}$	123k	ABLIKIM	24AR BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi\Xi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi\pi$
$-0.692 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.006$	47k	ABLIKIM	19BJ BES3	J/ψ to $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$

α_0 FOR $\Lambda \rightarrow n\pi^0$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.670 \pm 0.009 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.009 \\ -0.008 \end{smallmatrix}$	144k	ABLIKIM	24AR BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi\Xi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi\pi$

α_γ FOR $\Lambda \rightarrow n\gamma$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-0.16 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.05$	13889	ABLIKIM	22AJ BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$

ϕ ANGLE FOR $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$

$(\tan\phi = \beta / \gamma)$

VALUE (°)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
– 6.5 ± 3.5 OUR AVERAGE				
– 7.0 ± 4.5	10325	CLELAND	72 OSPK	Λ from $\pi^- p$
– 8.0 ± 6.0	10130	OVERSETH	67 OSPK	Λ from $\pi^- p$
13.0 ± 17.0	1156	CRONIN	63 OSPK	Λ from $\pi^- p$

 $\alpha_0 / \alpha_- = \alpha(\Lambda \rightarrow n\pi^0) / \alpha(\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-)$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.888^{+0.034}_{–0.030} OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.7.				

0.877 ± 0.015 ^{+0.014} _{–0.010}	144k	ABLIKIM	24AR BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi\Xi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi\pi$
1.000 ± 0.068	4760	¹ OLSEN	70 OSPK	$\pi^+ n \rightarrow \Lambda K^+$
1.10 ± 0.27		CORK	60 CNTR	

¹ OLSEN 70 compares proton and neutron distributions from Λ decay. $\bar{\alpha}_0 / \alpha_+$ in $\bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow n\pi^0, \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.876^{+0.022}_{–0.020} OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.4.				

0.863 ± 0.014 ^{+0.012} _{–0.008}	123k	ABLIKIM	24AR BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi\Xi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi\pi$
0.913 ± 0.028 ± 0.012	47k	ABLIKIM	19BJ BES3	J/ψ to $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$

 $(\alpha_- + \alpha_+) / (\alpha_- - \alpha_+)$ in $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-, \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+$

Zero if CP is conserved; α_- and α_+ are the asymmetry parameters for $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$ and $\bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+$ decay. See also the Ξ^- for a similar test involving the decay chain $\Xi^- \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^-, \Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$ and the corresponding antiparticle chain.

VALUE (units 10 ^{–2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
–0.3 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE				
–2.2 ± 1.6 ± 0.7	27k	AAIJ	24AH LHCB	$\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda_c \rightarrow \Lambda h^+$
–0.7 ± 0.8 ^{+0.2} _{–0.3}	267k	ABLIKIM	24AR BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi\Xi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi\pi$
3.0 ± 6.9 ± 1.5	1.1M	ABLIKIM	24CE BES3	$J/\psi/\psi(2S) \rightarrow \Sigma\bar{\Sigma} \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\gamma\gamma$
1.3 ± 0.7 ± 1.1	369k	¹ LI	23C BELL	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi\Xi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi\pi$
–0.25 ± 0.46 ± 0.12	3.2M	ABLIKIM	22AG BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$
–8.1 ± 5.5 ± 5.9	8.7k	ABLIKIM	10 BES	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$
1.3 ± 2.2	96k	BARNES	96 CNTR	LEAR $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\Lambda$
1 ± 10	770	TIXIER	88 DM2	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$
–2 ± 14	10k	² CHAUVAT	85 CNTR	$p\bar{p}, \bar{p}p$ ISR
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
–0.4 ± 1.2 ± 0.9	73k	ABLIKIM	22AD BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi\Xi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi\pi$
–0.6 ± 1.2 ± 0.7	420k	³ ABLIKIM	19BJ BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$
–7 ± 9	4063	BARNES	87 CNTR	See BARNES 96

¹ LI 23C quote the average Λ -hyperon asymmetry A_{CP}^α from 264k $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^+$ decays and 105k $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow \Sigma^0\pi^+$ decays, under the assumption of no CP violation in the SM for Λ_c^+ , i.e. $\alpha_{\Lambda_c^+} = -\alpha_{\bar{\Lambda}_c^-}$.

² CHAUVAT 85 actually gives $\alpha_+(\bar{\Lambda})/\alpha_-(\Lambda) = -1.04 \pm 0.29$. Assumes polarization is same in $\bar{p}p \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}X$ and $pp \rightarrow \Lambda X$. Tests of this assumption, based on C-invariance and fragmentation, are satisfied by the data.

³ Superseded by ABLIKIM 22AG.

$(\alpha_0 + \bar{\alpha}_0)/(\alpha_0 - \bar{\alpha}_0)$ in $\Lambda \rightarrow n\pi^0, \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{n}\pi^0$

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.1 \pm 0.9^{+0.5}_{-0.7}$	267k	ABLIKIM	24AR BES3	$J/\psi \rightarrow \Xi\bar{\Xi} \rightarrow \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\pi\pi$

$R = |G_E/G_M|$ in $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-, \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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••• We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. •••

$0.91 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.02$		^{1,2} ABLIKIM	25BQ BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\Lambda$ at $\sqrt{s} = 2.396$ GeV
$0.47 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.05$	2.2k	³ ABLIKIM	25CK BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\Lambda$ at $\sqrt{s} = 3.773$ GeV
$0.96 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.02$		⁴ ABLIKIM	19BF BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\Lambda$ at $\sqrt{s} = 2.396$ GeV

¹ ABLIKIM 25BQ provides values in a range of \sqrt{s} energies of 2.396–2.90 GeV. We quote their most precise value at 2.396 GeV.

² Determined using asymmetry parameter value $\alpha = 0.754$.

³ Determined using asymmetry parameter value $\alpha = 0.7542$.

⁴ Determined using asymmetry parameter value $\alpha = 0.750 \pm 0.010$.

$\Delta\Phi = \Phi_E - \Phi_M$ in $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-, \bar{\Lambda} \rightarrow \bar{p}\pi^+$

Relative phase between G_E and G_M .

VALUE (degrees)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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••• We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. •••

$42 \pm 10 \pm 2$		^{1,2} ABLIKIM	25BQ BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\Lambda$ at $\sqrt{s} = 2.396$ GeV
$87.7 \pm 20.6 \pm 1.7$	2.2k	³ ABLIKIM	25CK BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\Lambda$ at $\sqrt{s} = 3.773$ GeV
$37 \pm 12 \pm 6$		⁴ ABLIKIM	19BF BES3	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \bar{\Lambda}\Lambda$ at $\sqrt{s} = 2.396$ GeV

¹ ABLIKIM 25BQ provides values in a range of \sqrt{s} energies of 2.396–2.90 GeV. We quote their most precise value at 2.396 GeV.

² Determined using asymmetry parameter value $\alpha = 0.754$.

³ Determined using asymmetry parameter value $\alpha = 0.7542$.

⁴ Determined using asymmetry parameter value $\alpha = 0.750 \pm 0.010$.

g_A / g_V FOR $\Lambda \rightarrow pe^-\bar{\nu}_e$

Measurements with fewer than 500 events have been omitted. Where necessary, signs have been changed to agree with our conventions, which are given in the “Note on Baryon Decay Parameters” in the neutron Listings. The measurements all assume that the form factor $g_2 = 0$. See also the footnote on DWORKIN 90.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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–0.718 ± 0.015 OUR AVERAGE

$-0.719 \pm 0.016 \pm 0.012$	37k	¹ DWORKIN	90	SPEC $e\nu$ angular corr.
-0.70 ± 0.03	7111	BOURQUIN	83	SPEC $\Xi \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^-$
-0.734 ± 0.031	10k	² WISE	81	SPEC $e\nu$ angular correl.

••• We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. •••

-0.63 ± 0.06	817	ALTHOFF	73	OSPK Polarized Λ
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¹ The tabulated result assumes the weak-magnetism coupling $w \equiv g_w(0)/g_v(0)$ to be 0.97, as given by the CVC hypothesis and as assumed by the other listed measurements. However, DWORKIN 90 *measures* w to be 0.15 ± 0.30 , and then $g_A/g_V = -0.731 \pm 0.016$.

² This experiment measures only the absolute value of g_A/g_V .

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